

Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage: 2016

September 2017

URL: http://www.census.gov/newsroom/press-kits/2017/income_poverty.html

Presenters

Host	Michael C. Cook, Sr. Chief, Public Information Office
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Presenter	David G. Waddington Chief, Social, Economic, and Housing Statistics Division
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Resources for Today's Webinar

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- Today's Webinar Presentation
- News Release and Supporting Tables
- Links to the Reports and Other Reference Pages
- Links to Fact Sheets

Highlights

- Median household income for the nation was \$59,000 in 2016, an increase in real terms of 3.2 percent from the 2015 median of \$57,200.
- The official poverty rate in 2016 was 12.7 percent, down 0.8 percentage points from 2015. In 2016, there were 40.6 million people in poverty, 2.5 million fewer than in 2015.
- The Supplemental Poverty Measure (SPM) rate in 2016 was 14.0 percent, 0.5 percentage points lower than the SPM estimate for 2015.
- The percentage of people without health insurance coverage for the entire calendar year was 8.8 percent, or 28.1 million people. This was a decrease of 0.3 percentage points from 2015.

Erratum Note: The U.S. Census Bureau identified an error in the input of Supplemental Poverty Measure thresholds for renters used in the 2016 Supplemental Poverty Measure data products. The base threshold should have been \$26,104 and was erroneously entered as \$26,014. This error affected the Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty status for 109 unweighted observations. As a result, the overall Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty rate was understated by 0.06 percentage points—13.91 in published tables compared to 13.97 percent. Corrected tables, research files, and a revised report will be available on our website.

Income rounded to nearest \$100.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2016 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

Income and Poverty in the United States: 2016

Current Population Reports

Jessica L. Semega, Kayla R. Fontenot, and Melissa A. Kollar
Issued September 2017
P90-104



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Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2016

Current Population Reports

By Jessica C. Barnett and Edward R. Berchick
Issued September 2017
P90-104



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The Supplemental Poverty Measure: 2016

Current Population Reports

By Liana Fox
Issued September 2017
P90-104

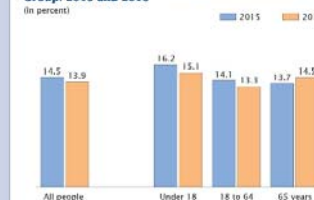
INTRODUCTION

Since the publication of the first official U.S. poverty estimates, researchers and policymakers have continued to discuss the best approach to measure income and poverty in the United States. Beginning in 2011, the U.S. Census Bureau began publishing the Supplemental Poverty Measure (SPM), which extends the official poverty measure by taking account of many of the government programs designed to assist low-income families and individuals that are not included in the official poverty measure. This is the seventh report describing the SPM released by the Census Bureau, with support from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). This report presents updated estimates of the prevalence of poverty in the United States using the official measure and the SPM based on information collected in 2017 and earlier Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplements (CPS ASEC).

HIGHLIGHTS

- In 2016, the overall SPM rate was 13.9 percent. This was 0.6 percentage points lower than the 2015 SPM rate of 14.5 (Figure 1 and Figure 2).

Figure 1.
SPM Poverty Rates for Total Population and by Age Group: 2015 and 2016
(in percent)



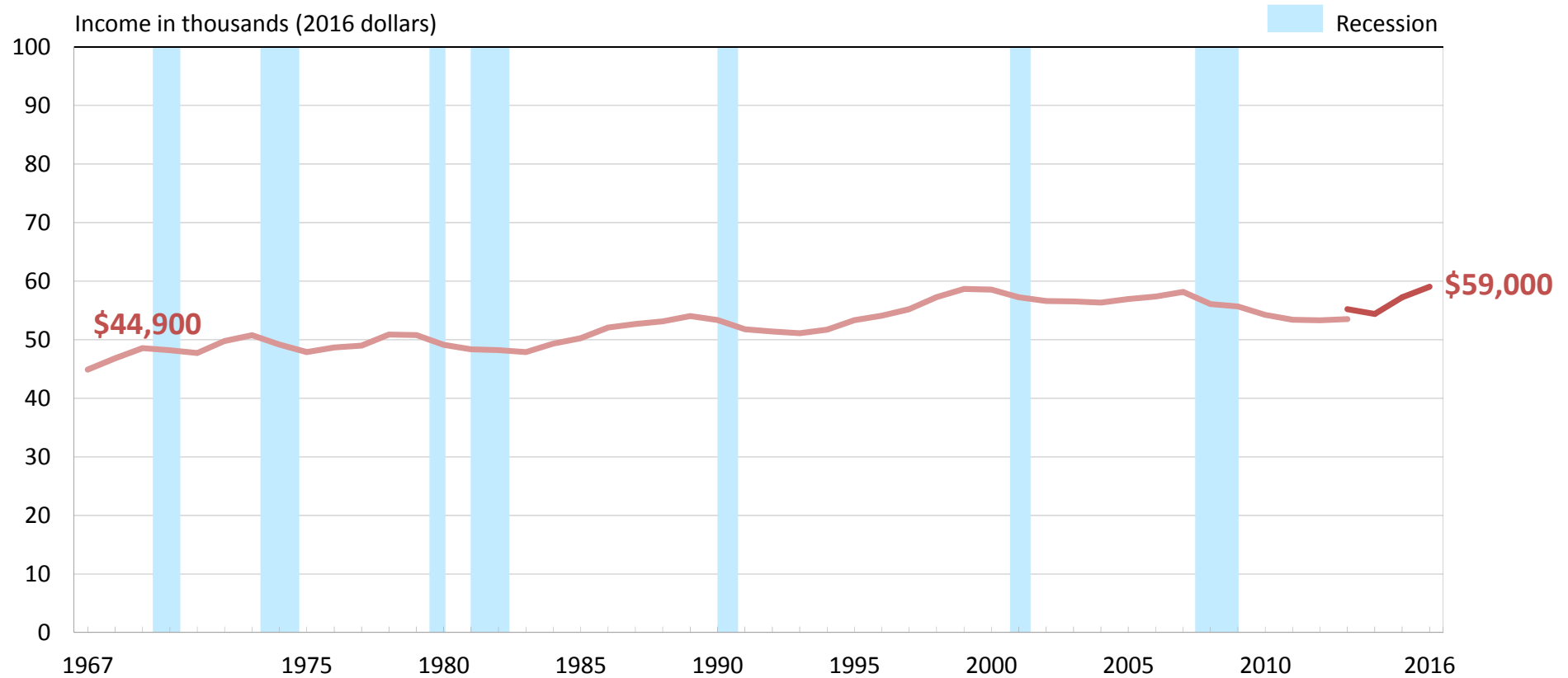
Note: For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/methods/cpsr12.pdf. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2010-2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

- SPM rates were down for children under age 18 and adults aged 18 to 64. SPM rates for individuals aged 65 and older were up, from 13.7 percent in 2015 to 14.5 percent in 2016 (Figure 1 and Figure 2).
- The SPM rate for 2016 was 1.2 percentage points higher than the official poverty rate of 12.7 percent (Figure 3).
- The percentage of individuals aged 65 and older with SPM resources below half their SPM threshold increased from 4.5 percent in 2015 to 5.2 percent in 2016 (Figure 6 and Appendix Table A.4).
- There were 13 states plus the District of Columbia for which SPM rates were higher than official poverty rates, 20 states with lower rates, and 17 states for

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Real Median Household Income: 1967 to 2016



Real Median Household Income: 1967 to 2016

(Income in 2016 CPI-U-RS adjusted dollars)

Year	Median Income	Year	Median Income
1967	44,895	1993	51,116
1968	46,830	1994	51,710
1969	48,571	1995	53,330
1970	48,194	1996	54,105
1971	47,725	1997	55,218
1972	49,769	1998	57,248
1973	50,774	1999	58,665
1974	49,166	2000	58,544
1975	47,879	2001	57,246
1976	48,673	2002	56,599
1977	48,981	2003	56,528
1978	50,877	2004 ¹	56,332
1979	50,780	2005	56,935
1980	49,131	2006	57,379
1981	48,350	2007	58,149
1982	48,219	2008	56,076
1983	47,881	2009	55,683
1984	49,335	2010	54,245
1985	50,258	2011	53,401
1986	52,068	2012	53,311
1987	52,690	2013 ²	53,518
1988	53,124	2013 ³	55,214
1989	54,042	2014	54,398
1990	53,350	2015	57,230
1991	51,791	2016	59,039
1992	51,390		

¹The 2004 data have been revised to reflect a correction to the weights in the 2005 ASEC.

²The 2014 CPS ASEC included redesigned questions for income and health insurance coverage. All of the approximately 98,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned set of health insurance coverage questions. The redesigned income questions were implemented to a subsample of these 98,000 addresses using a probability split panel design. Approximately 68,000 addresses were eligible to receive a set of income questions similar to those used in the 2013 CPS ASEC and the remaining 30,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned income questions. The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the income questions consistent with the 2013 CPS ASEC, approximately 68,000 addresses.

³The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the redesigned income questions, approximately 30,000 addresses.

Note: For changes in survey and data processing methodology, see footnotes in Appendix Table A-1 of the report, *Income and Poverty in the United States: 2016*, U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P60-259.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1968 to 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Recessions

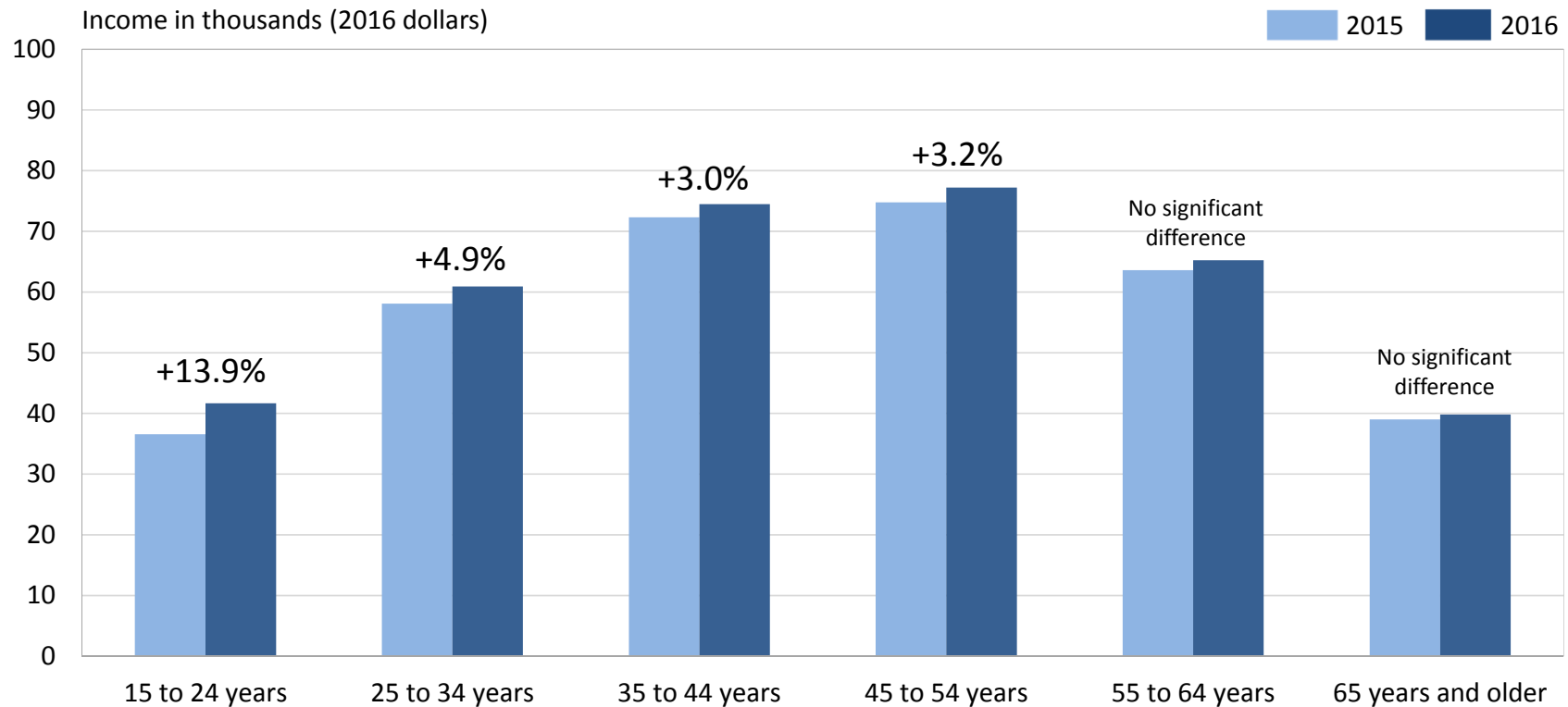
Peak month	Year	Trough month	Year
November	1948	October	1949
July	1953	May	1954
August	1957	April	1958
April	1960	February	1961
December	1969	November	1970
November	1973	March	1975
January	1980	July	1980
July	1981	November	1982
July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research

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Real Median Household Income by Age of Householder: 2015 and 2016



Real Median Household Income by Age of Householder: 2015 and 2016

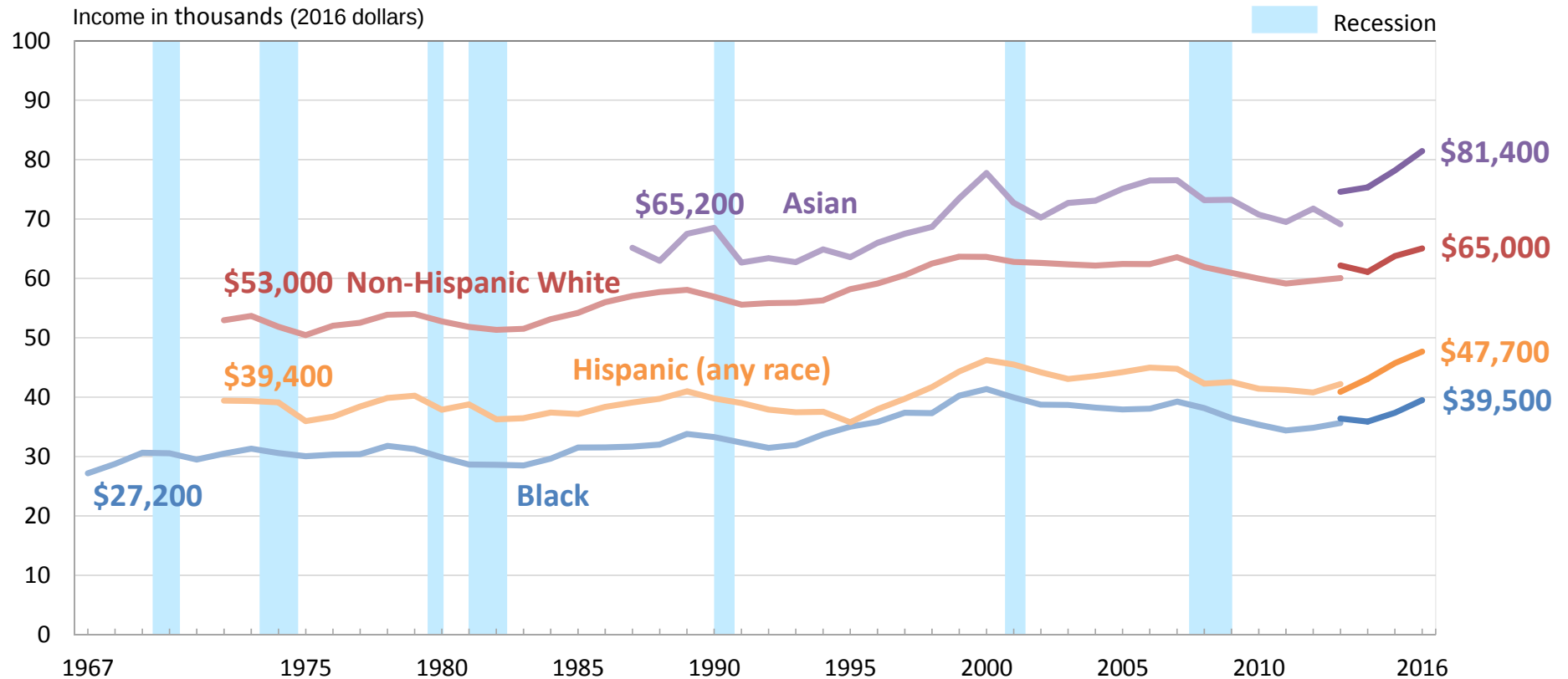
(Income in 2016 CPI-U-RS adjusted dollars)

Characteristic	2015	2016	Percentage change* (2016 less 2015)
15 to 24 years	36,564	41,655	*13.9
25 to 34 years	58,091	60,932	*4.9
35 to 44 years	72,319	74,481	*3.0
45 to 54 years	74,790	77,213	*3.2
55 to 64 years	63,596	65,239	2.6
65 years and older	39,001	39,823	2.1

*An asterisk preceding an estimate indicates change is statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2016 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Real Median Household Income by Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1967 to 2016



Real Median Household Income by Race¹ and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1967 to 2016

(Income in 2016 CPI-U-RS adjusted dollars)

Years	All races	White	White, not Hispanic	Black	Asian	Hispanic (any race)
1967	44,895	46,818	N	27,184	N	N
1968	48,830	48,759	N	28,752	N	N
1969	48,571	50,690	N	30,640	N	N
1970	48,194	50,197	N	30,553	N	N
1971	47,725	49,919	N	29,487	N	N
1972	49,769	52,213	52,957	30,477	N	39,402
1973	50,774	53,214	53,682	31,323	N	39,337
1974	49,166	51,419	51,858	30,579	N	39,107
1975	47,879	50,070	50,447	30,058	N	35,970
1976	48,673	50,987	52,027	30,318	N	36,714
1977	48,981	51,508	52,529	30,395	N	38,425
1978	50,877	52,880	53,886	31,785	N	39,863
1979	50,780	53,242	53,991	31,259	N	40,233
1980	49,131	51,833	52,751	29,861	N	37,871
1981	48,350	51,085	51,823	28,667	N	38,783
1982	48,219	50,480	51,327	28,610	N	36,283
1983	47,881	50,212	51,503	28,495	N	36,466
1984	49,335	52,047	53,128	29,650	N	37,399
1985	50,258	53,003	54,194	31,534	N	37,165
1986	52,068	54,741	55,985	31,537	N	38,380
1987	52,690	55,514	57,041	31,685	65,154	39,093
1988	53,124	56,160	57,708	32,015	62,963	39,727
1989	54,042	56,846	58,069	33,807	67,495	40,983
1990	53,350	55,645	56,917	33,275	68,507	39,786
1991	51,791	54,272	55,568	32,332	62,662	39,009
1992	51,390	54,029	55,842	31,461	63,409	37,905
1993	51,116	53,929	55,914	31,960	62,743	37,446
1994	51,710	54,538	56,297	33,701	64,882	37,537
1995	53,330	55,975	58,184	35,046	63,562	35,776
1996	54,105	56,649	59,128	35,797	65,971	37,967
1997	55,218	58,153	60,548	37,379	67,519	39,734
1998	57,248	60,232	62,480	37,323	68,661	41,708
1999	58,665	61,013	63,654	40,233	73,461	44,322
2000	58,544	61,229	63,609	41,363	77,738	46,244
2001	57,246	60,349	62,773	39,950	72,709	45,502
2002	56,599	60,172	62,593	38,738	70,234	44,179
2003	56,528	59,547	62,347	38,686	72,685	43,060
2004 ²	56,332	59,285	62,147	38,240	73,066	43,546
2005	55,935	59,673	62,414	37,924	75,085	44,203
2006	57,379	60,322	62,405	38,056	76,470	44,975
2007	58,149	60,327	63,574	39,261	76,520	44,774
2008	56,076	58,316	61,903	38,145	73,170	42,264
2009	55,683	58,015	60,923	36,450	73,237	42,953
2010	54,245	56,923	59,952	35,363	70,739	41,426
2011	53,401	55,705	59,117	34,384	69,484	41,207
2012	53,311	56,142	59,595	34,832	71,749	40,774
2013 ³	53,518	56,936	60,041	35,649	69,103	42,208
2013 ⁴	55,214	58,470	62,162	36,398	74,953	40,893
2014	54,398	57,651	61,088	35,887	75,322	43,077
2015	57,230	60,869	63,745	37,364	78,141	45,719
2016	59,039	61,858	65,041	39,490	81,431	47,675

N Not available.

¹Starting with the 2003 CPS, respondents were allowed to choose more than one race. This table presents the single-race population for 2002 to present. For example White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. For 2001 and earlier years, the CPS allowed respondents to report only one race group.

²The 2004 data have been revised to reflect a correction to the weights in the 2005 ASEC.

³The 2014 CPS ASEC included redesigned questions for income and health insurance coverage. All of the approximately 98,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned set of health insurance coverage questions. The redesigned income questions were implemented to a subsample of these 98,000 addresses using a probability split panel design. Approximately 68,000 addresses were eligible to receive a set of income questions similar to those used in the 2013 CPS ASEC and the remaining 30,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned income questions. The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the income questions consistent with the 2013 CPS ASEC, approximately 68,000 addresses.

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Note: For changes in survey and data processing methodology, see footnotes in Appendix Table A-1 of the report, *Income and Poverty in the United States: 2016, U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, P60-259*.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1968 through 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

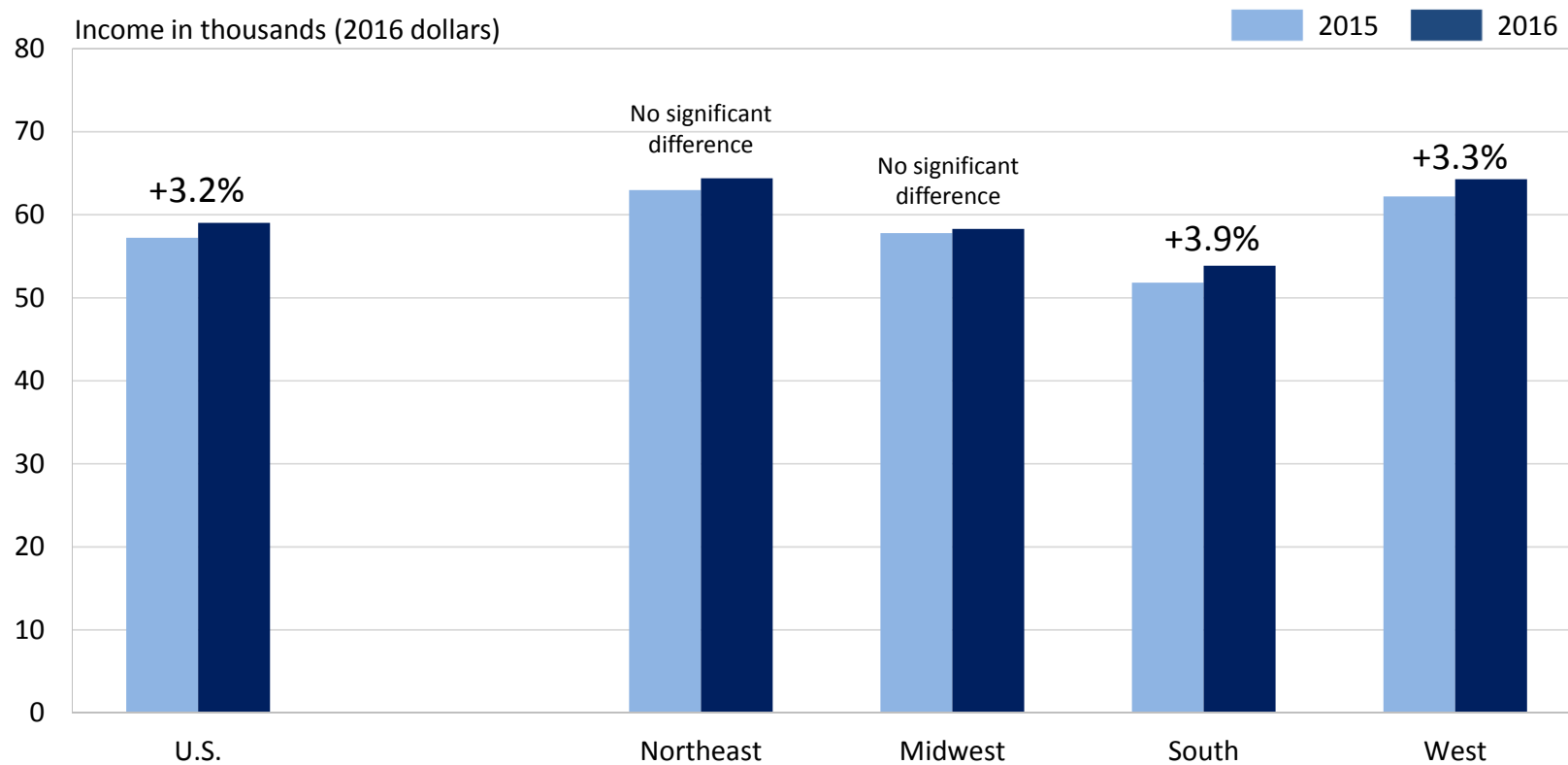
For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Recessions

Peak month	Year	Trough month	Year
November	1948	October	1949
July	1953	May	1954
August	1957	April	1958
April	1960	February	1961
December	1969	November	1970
November	1973	March	1975
January	1980	July	1980
July	1981	November	1981
July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research
Cambridge, MA 02138
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Real Median Household Income by Region: 2015 and 2016



Real Median Household Income by Region: 2015 and 2016

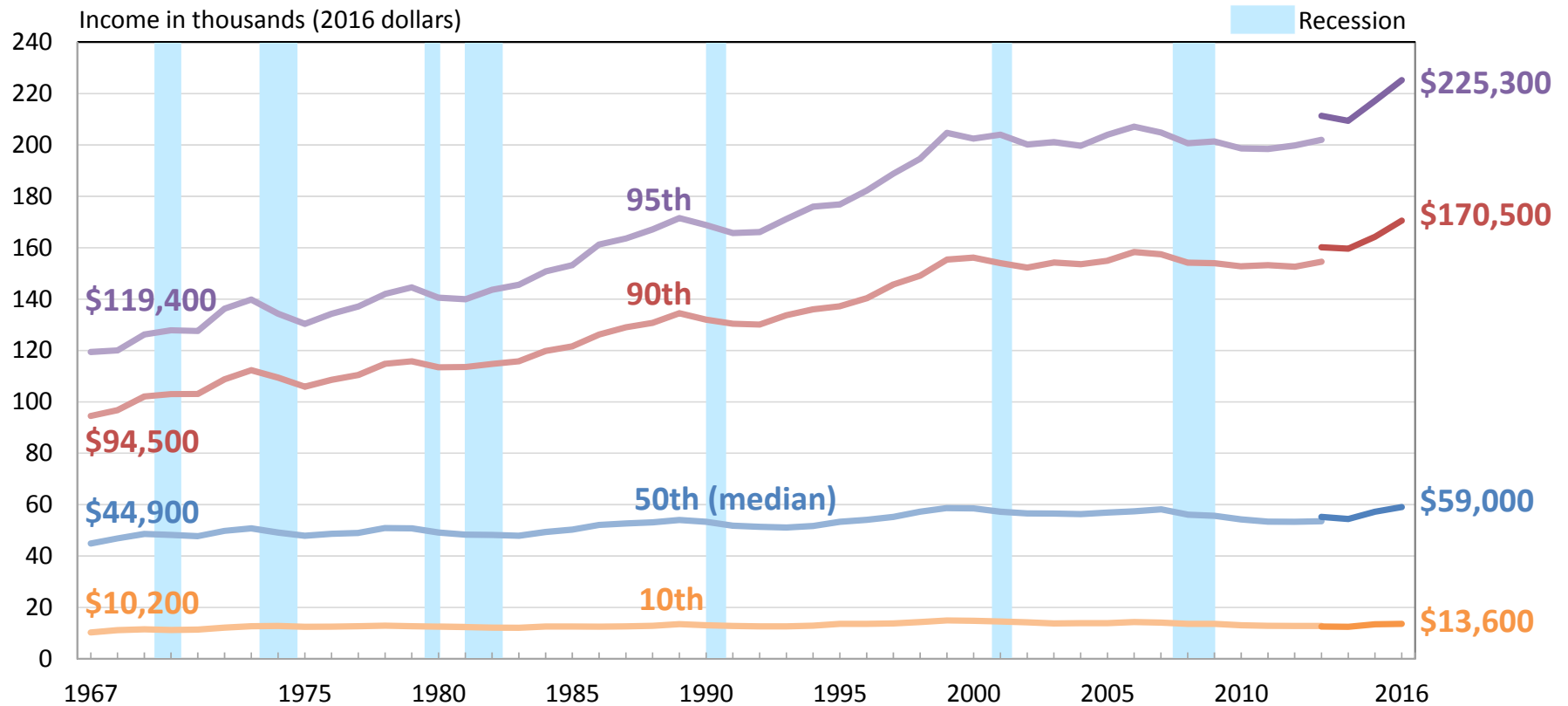
(Income in 2016 CPI-U-RS adjusted dollars)

Characteristic	2015	2016	Percentage change* (2016 less 2015)
U.S. All Households	57,230	59,039	*3.2%
Northeast	62,968	64,390	2.3%
Midwest	57,803	58,305	0.9%
South	51,821	53,861	*3.9%
West	62,218	64,275	*3.3%

*An asterisk preceding an estimate indicates change is statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2016 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Real Household Income at Selected Percentiles: 1967 to 2016



Real Household Income at Selected Percentiles: 1967 to 2016

(Income in 2016 CPI-U-RS adjusted dollars)

Year	10th percentile limit	50th (median)	90th percentile limit	95th percentile limit
1967	10,245	44,895	94,529	119,419
1968	11,153	46,830	96,768	120,053
1969	11,441	48,571	102,115	126,218
1970	11,179	48,194	103,049	127,880
1971	11,355	47,725	103,084	127,602
1972	12,107	49,769	108,808	136,292
1973	12,679	50,774	112,301	139,832
1974	12,765	49,166	109,464	134,366
1975	12,416	47,879	105,902	130,365
1976	12,485	48,673	108,581	134,287
1977	12,639	48,981	110,472	137,142
1978	12,898	50,877	114,831	142,036
1979	12,663	50,780	115,803	144,557
1980	12,484	49,131	113,473	140,543
1981	12,319	48,350	113,575	139,925
1982	12,098	48,219	114,752	143,636
1983	12,052	47,881	115,810	145,579
1984	12,539	49,335	119,800	150,768
1985	12,548	50,258	121,629	153,220
1986	12,510	52,068	126,212	161,255
1987	12,610	52,690	128,998	163,619
1988	12,808	53,124	130,737	167,109
1989	13,461	54,042	134,523	171,533
1990	13,042	53,350	132,025	168,813
1991	12,760	51,791	130,455	165,727
1992 ¹	12,581	51,390	130,086	166,101
1993	12,576	51,116	133,744	171,210
1994	12,867	51,710	136,044	176,013
1995	13,578	53,330	137,251	176,848
1996	13,583	54,105	140,324	182,230
1997	13,750	55,218	145,728	188,834
1998	14,281	57,248	149,137	194,628
1999	14,914	58,665	155,366	204,698
2000	14,754	58,544	156,153	202,470
2001	14,486	57,246	154,038	204,021
2002	14,173	56,599	152,293	200,192
2003	13,749	56,528	154,246	201,120
2004 ²	13,857	56,332	153,576	199,682
2005	13,873	56,935	154,965	204,014
2006	14,285	57,379	158,325	207,146
2007	14,079	58,149	157,431	204,892
2008	13,557	56,076	154,172	200,658
2009	13,558	55,683	153,963	201,359
2010	13,057	54,245	152,772	198,686
2011	12,802	53,401	153,214	198,438
2012	12,791	53,331	152,623	199,827
2013 ³	12,778	53,518	154,559	201,957
2013 ⁴	12,570	55,214	160,150	211,362
2014	12,445	54,398	159,652	209,419
2015	13,427	57,230	164,229	217,172
2016	13,608	59,039	170,536	225,251

Recessions

Peak month	Year	Trough month	Year
November	1948	October	1949
July	1953	May	1954
August	1957	April	1958
April	1960	February	1961
December	1969	November	1970
November	1973	March	1975
January	1980	July	1980
July	1981	November	1982
July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research
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¹Change in data collection methodology suggests pre-1993 and post-1992 estimates are not comparable. (See Current Population Reports, "The Changing Shape of the Nation's Income Distribution: 1947-1998," P60-204, for more details.)

²The 2004 data have been revised to reflect a correction to the weights in the 2005 ASEC.

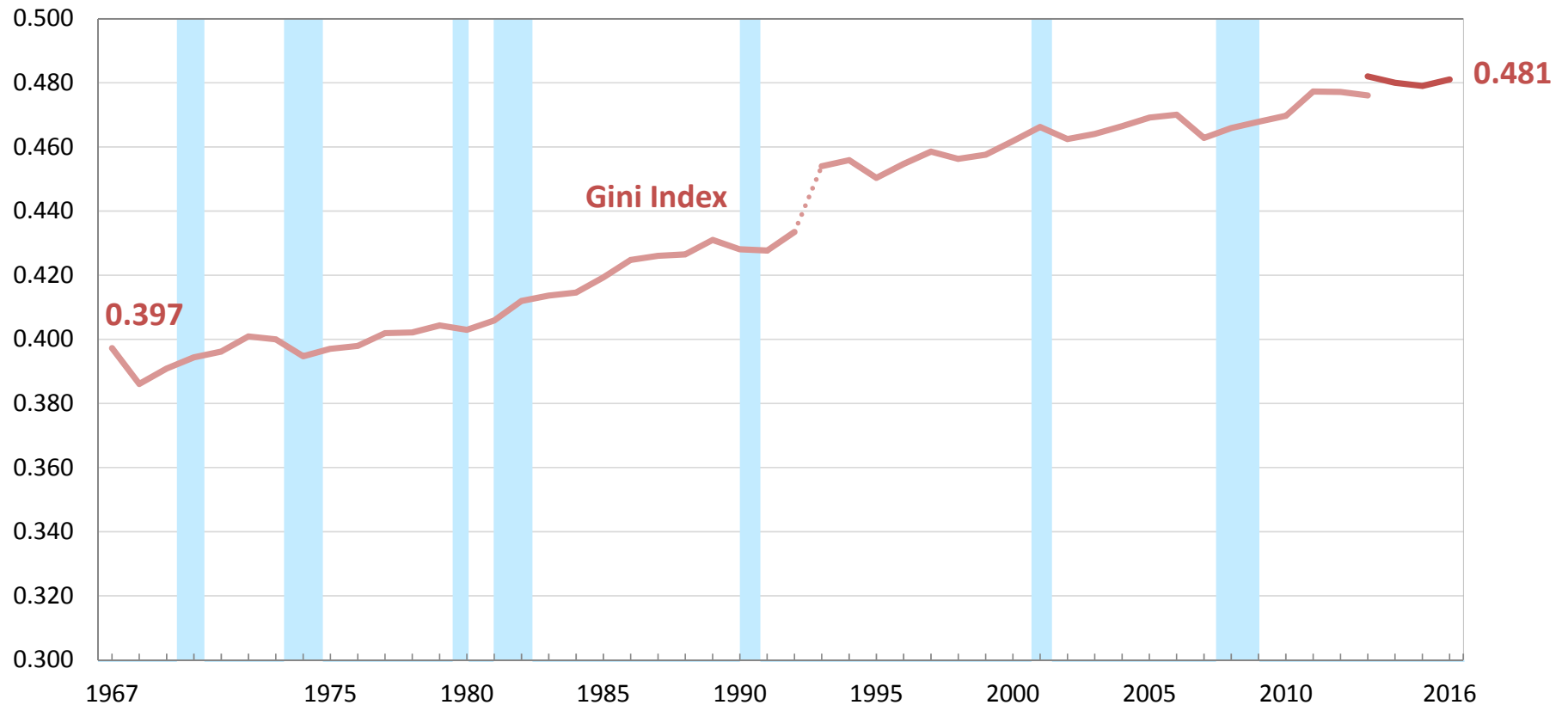
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⁴The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the redesigned income questions, approximately 30,000 addresses.

Note: For changes in survey and data processing methodology, see footnotes in Appendix Table A-2 of the report, *Income and Poverty in the United States: 2016*, U. S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P60-259.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1968 through 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.
For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Gini Index of Money Income: 1967 to 2016



Gini Index of Money Income: 1967 to 2016

Recessions

Year	Money Income Gini Index
1967	0.397
1968	0.386
1969	0.391
1970	0.394
1971	0.396
1972	0.401
1973	0.400
1974	0.395
1975	0.397
1976	0.398
1977	0.402
1978	0.402
1979	0.404
1980	0.403
1981	0.406
1982	0.412
1983	0.414
1984	0.415
1985	0.419
1986	0.425
1987	0.426
1988	0.426
1989	0.431
1990	0.428
1991	0.428
1992 ¹	0.433
1993	0.454
1994	0.456
1995	0.450
1996	0.455
1997	0.459
1998	0.456
1999	0.458
2000	0.462
2001	0.466
2002	0.462
2003	0.464
2004 ²	0.466
2005	0.469
2006	0.470
2007	0.463
2008	0.466
2009	0.468
2010	0.470
2011	0.477
2012	0.477
2013 ³	0.476
2013 ⁴	0.482
2014	0.480
2015	0.479
2016	0.481

Peak month	Year	Trough month	Year
November	1948	October	1949
July	1953	May	1954
August	1957	April	1958
April	1960	February	1961
December	1969	November	1970
November	1973	March	1975
January	1980	July	1980
July	1981	November	1982
July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research

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¹Change in data collection methodology suggests pre-1993 and post-1992 estimates are not comparable. (See Current Population Reports, "The Changing Shape of the Nation's Income Distribution: 1947-1998," P60-204, for more details.)

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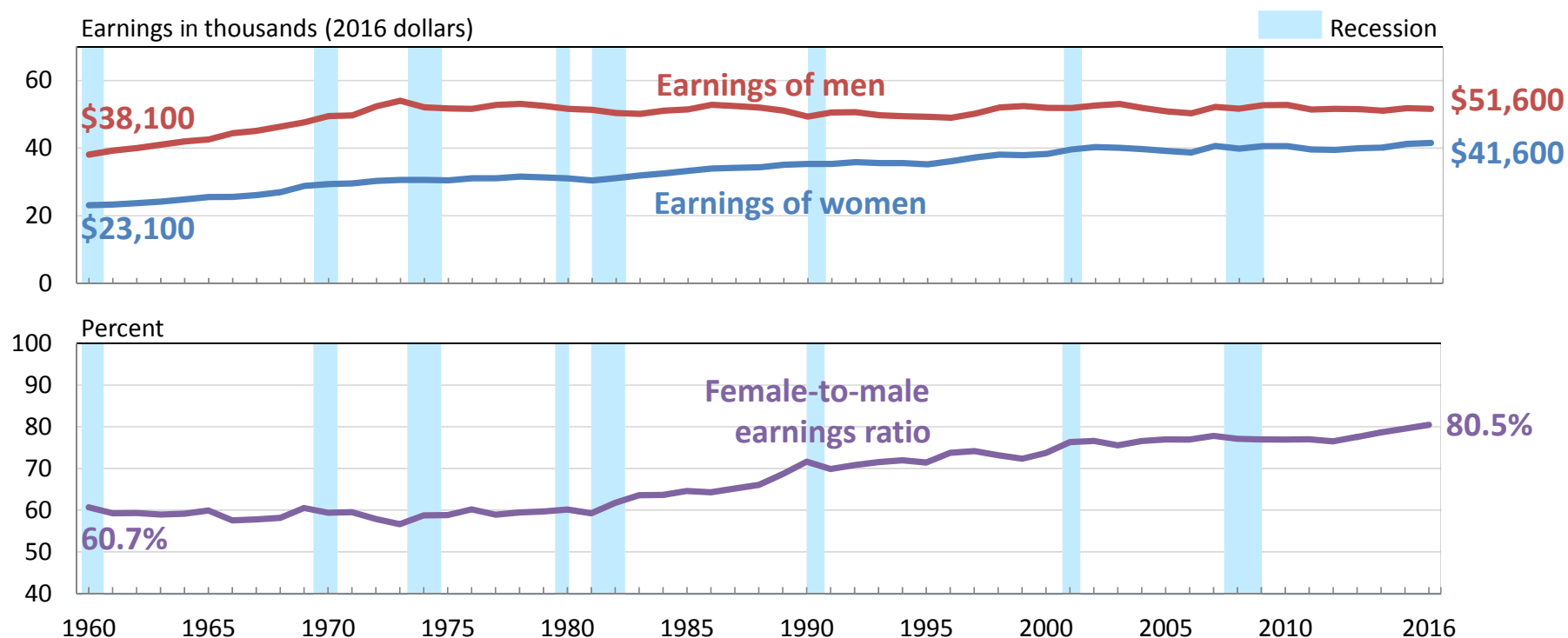
⁴The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the redesigned income questions, approximately 30,000 addresses.

Note: For changes in survey and data processing methodology, see footnotes in Appendix Table A-3 of the report, *Income and Poverty in the United States: 2016*, U. S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P60-259.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1968 through 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.
For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Real Median Earnings and Female-to-Male Earnings Ratio: 1960 to 2016

(Full-time, year-round workers, aged 15 and older)



Real Median Earnings and Women's-to-Men's Earnings Ratio: 1960 to 2016

(Full-time, year-round workers)

(Earnings in 2016 CPI-U-RS adjusted dollars)

Year	Men		Women		Women's-to-Men's earnings ratio
	Number with earnings (thousands)	Median earnings (dollars)	Number with earnings (thousands)	Median earnings (dollars)	
1960	N	38,084	N	23,107	0.607
1961	N	39,299	N	23,284	0.592
1962	N	40,017	N	23,729	0.593
1963	N	41,022	N	24,181	0.589
1964	N	41,980	N	24,831	0.591
1965	N	42,579	N	25,515	0.599
1966	N	44,438	N	25,576	0.576
1967	36,645	45,140	14,846	26,084	0.578
1968	37,068	46,352	15,013	26,956	0.582
1969	37,008	47,633	15,374	28,816	0.605
1970	36,132	49,474	15,476	29,372	0.594
1971	36,819	49,686	16,002	29,567	0.595
1972	38,184	52,361	16,675	30,297	0.579
1973	39,581	54,030	17,195	30,599	0.566
1974	37,916	52,091	16,945	30,606	0.588
1975	37,267	51,766	17,452	30,448	0.588
1976	38,184	51,624	18,073	31,074	0.602
1977	39,263	52,785	19,238	31,102	0.589
1978	41,036	53,126	20,914	31,579	0.594
1979	42,437	52,486	22,082	31,314	0.597
1980	41,881	51,633	22,859	31,063	0.602
1981	41,773	51,356	23,329	30,421	0.592
1982	40,105	50,385	23,702	31,110	0.617
1983	41,528	50,164	25,166	31,901	0.636
1984	43,808	51,103	26,466	32,531	0.637
1985	44,943	51,486	27,383	33,247	0.646
1986	45,912	52,819	28,420	33,947	0.643
1987	47,013	52,457	29,912	34,190	0.652
1988	48,285	52,014	31,237	34,355	0.660
1989	49,678	51,097	31,340	35,090	0.687
1990	49,171	49,314	31,682	35,317	0.716
1991	47,888	50,579	32,436	35,334	0.699
1992	48,551	50,654	33,241	35,855	0.708
1993	49,818	49,752	33,524	35,582	0.715
1994	51,580	49,451	34,155	35,589	0.720
1995	52,667	49,292	35,482	35,208	0.714
1996	53,787	49,001	36,430	36,144	0.738
1997	54,909	50,247	37,683	37,264	0.742
1998	56,951	52,036	38,785	38,075	0.732
1999	58,299	52,459	40,871	37,935	0.723
2000	59,602	51,938	41,719	38,288	0.737
2001	58,712	51,887	41,639	39,605	0.763
2002	58,761	52,622	41,876	40,309	0.766
2003	58,772	53,070	41,908	40,094	0.755
2004 ¹	60,088	51,837	42,380	39,695	0.766
2005	61,500	50,863	43,351	39,153	0.770
2006	63,055	50,308	44,663	38,706	0.769
2007	62,984	52,222	45,613	40,634	0.778
2008	59,861	51,688	44,156	39,847	0.771
2009	56,053	52,719	43,217	40,583	0.770
2010	56,283	52,787	43,179	40,608	0.769
2011	57,993	51,425	43,683	39,600	0.770
2012	59,009	51,639	44,042	39,505	0.765
2013 ²	61,240	51,535	44,629	39,972	0.776
2014	62,455	51,078	46,226	40,168	0.786
2015	63,887	51,859	47,211	41,257	0.796
2016	64,953	51,640	48,328	41,554	0.805

N Not available.

¹The 2004 data have been revised to reflect a correction to the weights in the 2005 CPS ASEC.

²The 2014 CPS ASEC included redesigned questions for income and health insurance coverage. All of the approximately 98,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned set of health insurance coverage questions. The redesigned income questions were implemented to a subsample of these 98,000 addresses using a probability split panel design. Approximately 68,000 addresses were eligible to receive a set of income questions similar to those used in the 2013 CPS ASEC and the remaining 30,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned income questions. The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the redesigned income questions consistent with the 2015 CPS ASEC, approximately 30,000 addresses.

Note: For changes in survey and data processing methodology, see footnotes in Appendix Table A-4 of the report, *Income and Poverty in the United States: 2016*. U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P60-259.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1961 through 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Recessions

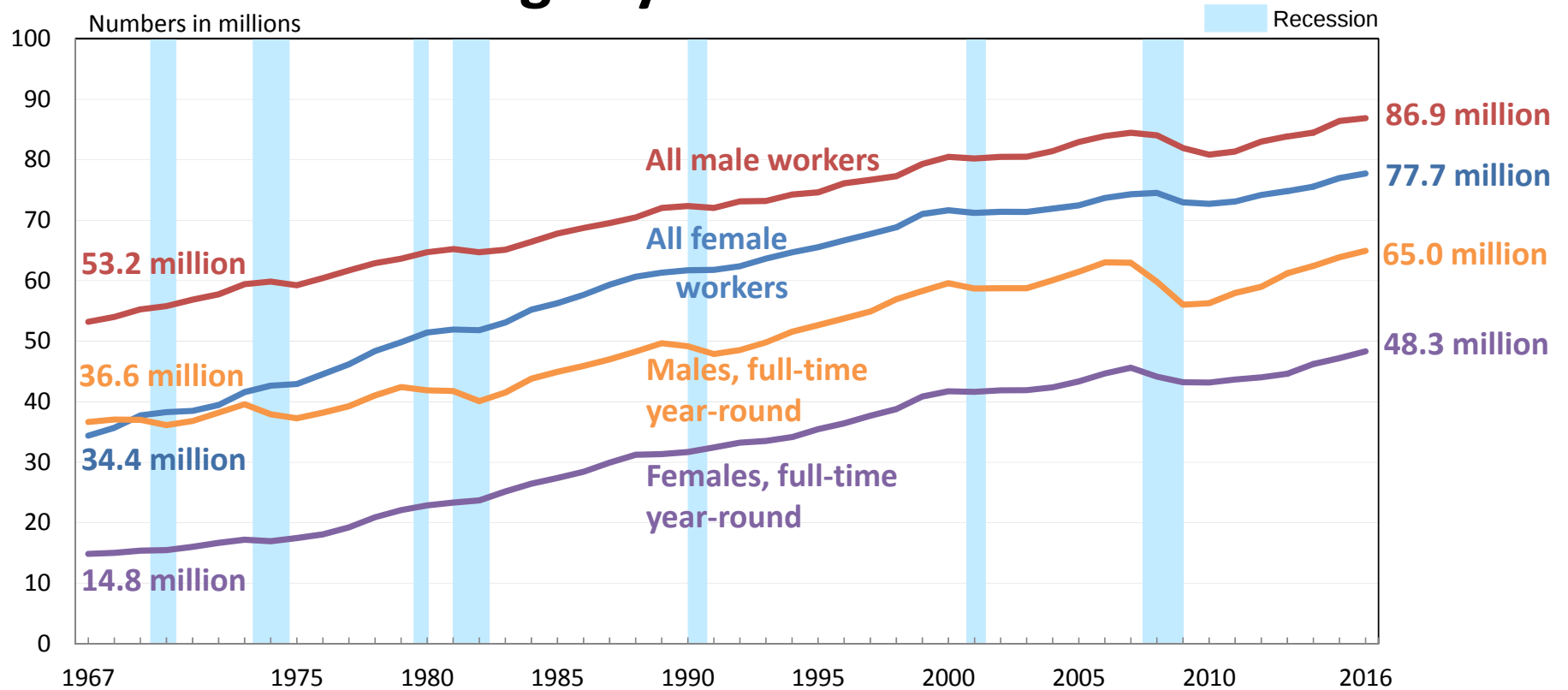
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November	1948	October	1949
July	1953	May	1954
August	1957	April	1958
April	1960	February	1961
December	1969	November	1970
November	1973	March	1975
January	1980	July	1980
July	1981	November	1982
July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research

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Total and Full-Time, Year-Round Workers with Earnings by Sex: 1967 to 2016



Number of Total and Full-Time, Year-Round Workers With Earnings by Sex: 1967 to 2016

(Numbers in thousands. People 15 years and older beginning in 1980, and people 14 years and older as of the following year for previous years. Before 1989 civilian workers only.)

Years	Total Workers		Full-Time, Year-Round Workers	
	Males	Females	Males	Females
1967	53,222	34,391	36,645	14,846
1968	54,026	35,695	37,068	15,013
1969	55,273	37,737	37,008	15,374
1970	55,821	38,273	36,132	15,476
1971	56,886	38,485	36,819	16,002
1972	57,774	39,470	38,184	16,675
1973	59,438	41,583	39,581	17,195
1974	59,866	42,650	37,916	16,945
1975	59,268	42,926	37,267	17,452
1976	60,450	44,565	38,184	18,073
1977	61,704	46,194	39,263	19,238
1978	62,903	48,398	41,036	20,914
1979	63,648	49,839	42,437	22,082
1980	64,730	51,448	41,881	22,859
1981	65,233	51,940	41,773	23,329
1982	64,730	51,820	40,105	23,702
1983	65,138	53,108	41,528	25,166
1984	66,454	55,226	43,808	26,466
1985	67,809	56,296	44,943	27,383
1986	68,728	57,686	45,912	28,420
1987	69,545	59,359	47,013	29,912
1988	70,467	60,658	48,285	31,237
1989	72,045	61,338	49,678	31,340
1990	72,348	61,732	49,171	31,682
1991	72,040	61,796	47,888	32,436
1992	73,120	62,408	48,551	33,241
1993	73,198	63,660	49,818	33,524
1994	74,264	64,706	51,580	34,155
1995	74,619	65,557	52,667	35,482
1996	76,121	66,661	53,787	36,430
1997	76,694	67,736	54,909	37,683
1998	77,295	68,846	56,951	38,785
1999	79,322	71,053	58,299	40,871
2000	80,494	71,657	59,602	41,719
2001	80,209	71,232	58,712	41,639
2002	80,500	71,411	58,761	41,876
2003	80,508	71,372	58,772	41,908
2004 ¹	81,448	71,930	60,088	42,380
2005	82,934	72,476	61,500	43,351
2006	83,928	73,683	63,055	44,663
2007	84,482	74,295	62,984	45,613
2008	84,039	74,538	59,861	44,156
2009	81,934	72,972	56,053	43,217
2010	80,856	72,716	56,283	43,179
2011	81,366	73,094	57,993	43,683
2012	83,003	74,188	59,009	44,042
2013 ²	83,855	74,821	61,240	44,629
2014	84,494	75,572	62,455	46,226
2015	86,435	76,974	63,887	47,211
2016	86,886	77,742	64,953	48,328

Recessions

Peak month	Year	Trough month	Year
November	1948	October	1949
July	1953	May	1954
August	1957	April	1958
April	1960	February	1961
December	1969	November	1970
November	1973	March	1975
January	1980	July	1980
July	1981	November	1982
July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research
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¹The 2004 data have been revised to reflect a correction to the weights in the 2005 ASEC.

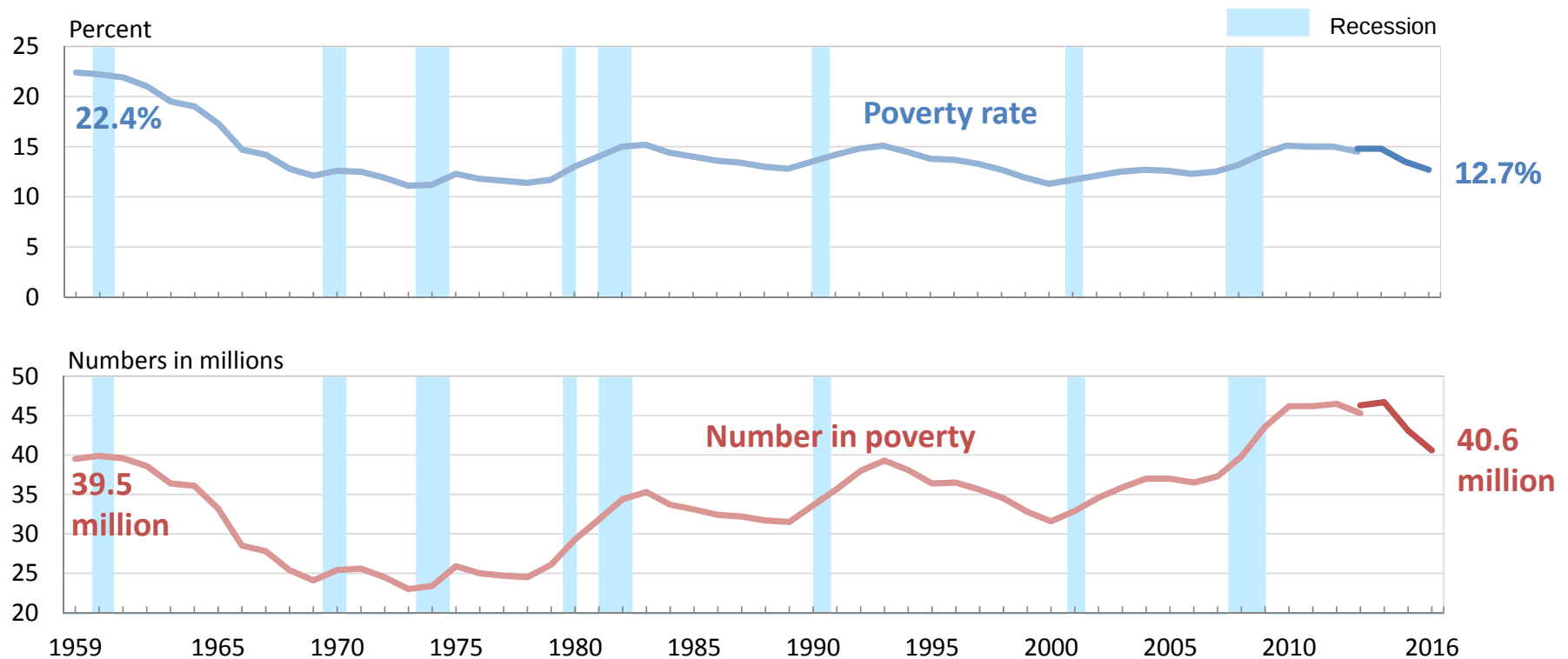
²The 2014 CPS ASEC included redesigned questions for income and health insurance coverage. All of the approximately 98,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned set of health insurance coverage questions. The redesigned income questions were implemented to a subsample of these 98,000 addresses using a probability split panel design. Approximately 68,000 addresses were eligible to receive a set of income questions similar to those used in the 2013 CPS ASEC and the remaining 30,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned income questions. The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the redesigned income questions consistent with the 2015 CPS ASEC, approximately 30,000 addresses.

Note: For changes in survey and data processing methodology, see footnotes in Appendix Table A-4 of the report, *Income and Poverty in the United States: 2016*, U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P60-259.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1968 through 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Poverty Rate and Number in Poverty: 1959 to 2016



Poverty Rate and Number in Poverty: 1959 to 2016

(Millions/Percent)

Year	Number in Poverty	Poverty Rate	Year	Number in Poverty	Poverty Rate
1959	39.5	22.4	1989	31.5	12.8
1960	39.9	22.2	1990	33.6	13.5
1961	39.6	21.9	1991	35.7	14.2
1962	38.6	21.0	1992 ¹	38.0	14.8
1963	36.4	19.5	1993	39.3	15.1
1964	36.1	19.0	1994	38.1	14.5
1965	33.2	17.3	1995	36.4	13.8
1966	28.5	14.7	1996	36.5	13.7
1967	27.8	14.2	1997	35.6	13.3
1968	25.4	12.8	1998	34.5	12.7
1969	24.1	12.1	1999 ²	32.8	11.9
1970	25.4	12.6	2000 ²	31.6	11.3
1971	25.6	12.5	2001	32.9	11.7
1972	24.5	11.9	2002	34.6	12.1
1973	23.0	11.1	2003	35.9	12.5
1974	23.4	11.2	2004 ³	37.0	12.7
1975	25.9	12.3	2005	37.0	12.6
1976	25.0	11.8	2006	36.5	12.3
1977	24.7	11.6	2007	37.3	12.5
1978	24.5	11.4	2008	39.8	13.2
1979	26.1	11.7	2009	43.6	14.3
1980	29.3	13.0	2010 ⁴	46.2	15.1
1981	31.8	14.0	2011	46.2	15.0
1982	34.4	15.0	2012	46.5	15.0
1983	35.3	15.2	2013 ⁵	45.3	14.5
1984	33.7	14.4	2013 ⁶	46.3	14.8
1985	33.1	14.0	2014	46.7	14.8
1986	32.4	13.6	2015	43.1	13.5
1987	32.2	13.4	2016	40.6	12.7
1988	31.7	13.0			

¹Poverty data for 1992 reflect 1990 Census population controls.

²Poverty data for 1999 and 2000 consistent with 2001 data through implementations of Census 2000-based population controls and a 28,000 household sample expansion.

³CPS 2005 ASEC file (2004 data) was corrected after the release of the 2004 Income, Poverty and Health Insurance report due to adjustments to the weights.

⁴Consistent with 2011 data through implementation of Census 2010-based population controls.

⁵The 2014 CPS ASEC included redesigned questions for income and health insurance coverage. All of the approximately 98,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned set of health insurance coverage questions. The redesigned income questions were implemented to a subsample of these 98,000 addresses using a probability split panel design. Approximately 68,000 addresses were eligible to receive a set of income questions similar to those used in the 2013 CPS ASEC and the remaining 30,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned income questions. The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the income questions consistent with the 2013 CPS ASEC. ⁶The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the redesigned income questions, approximately 30,000 addresses.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1960 to 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Recessions

Peak month	Year	Trough month	Year
November	1948	October	1949
July	1953	May	1954
August	1957	April	1958
April	1960	February	1961
December	1969	November	1970
November	1973	March	1975
January	1980	July	1980
July	1981	November	1982
July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research

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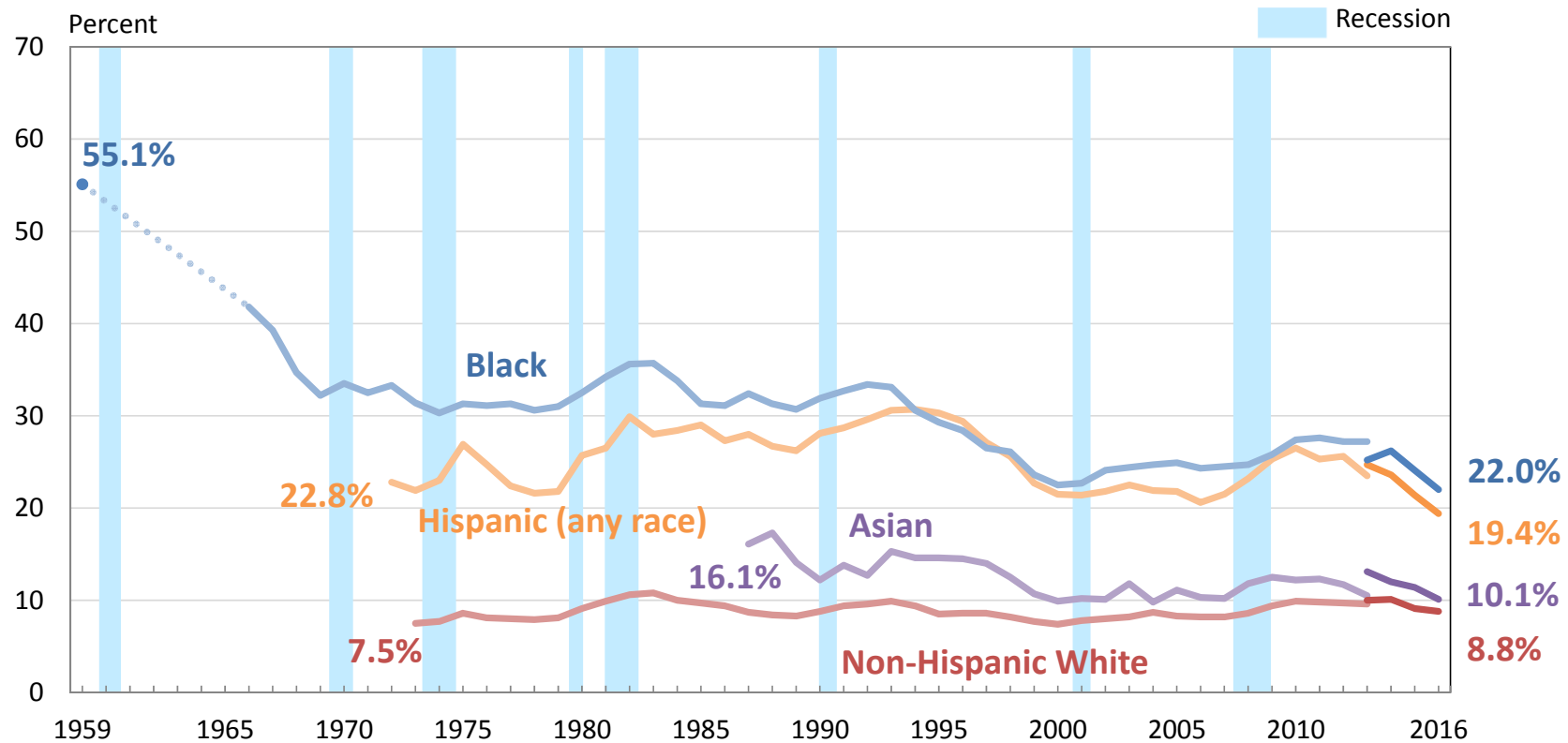
<www.nber.gov>

Weighted Average Poverty Thresholds in 2016

Size of family unit	Threshold
One person (unrelated individual)	12,228
Under 65 years	12,486
65 years and older	11,511
Two people	15,569
Householder under 65 years	16,151
Householder 65 years and older	14,522
Three people	19,105
Four people	24,563
Five people	29,111
Six people	32,928
Seven people	37,458
Eight people	41,781
Nine people or more	49,721

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Economic Supplement.

Poverty Rates by Race and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 2016



Poverty Rates by Race¹ and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 2016

(Percent)

Year	All races	White alone, not Hispanic	White, not Hispanic	Black alone	Black	Asian alone	Asian and Pacific Islander	Hispanic (any race)
1959	22.4	N	N	N	55.1	N	N	N
1960	22.2	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
1961	21.9	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
1962	21.0	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
1963	19.5	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
1964	19.0	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
1965	17.3	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
1966	14.7	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
1967	14.2	N	N	N	41.8	N	N	N
1968	12.8	N	N	N	39.3	N	N	N
1969	12.1	N	N	N	34.7	N	N	N
1970	12.6	N	N	N	32.2	N	N	N
1971	12.5	N	N	N	33.5	N	N	N
1972	11.9	N	N	N	32.5	N	N	N
1973	11.1	N	7.5	N	33.3	N	N	N
1974	11.2	N	7.7	N	31.4	N	N	N
1975	12.3	N	8.6	N	30.3	N	N	N
1976	11.8	N	8.1	N	31.1	N	N	N
1977	11.6	N	8.0	N	31.3	N	N	N
1978	11.4	N	7.9	N	30.6	N	N	N
1979	11.7	N	8.1	N	31.0	N	N	N
1980	13.0	N	9.1	N	32.5	N	N	N
1981	14.0	N	9.9	N	34.2	N	N	N
1982	15.0	N	10.6	N	35.6	N	N	N
1983	15.2	N	10.8	N	35.7	N	N	N
1984	14.4	N	10.0	N	33.8	N	N	N
1985	14.0	N	9.7	N	31.3	N	N	N
1986	13.6	N	9.4	N	31.1	N	N	N
1987	13.4	N	8.7	N	32.4	N	16.1	28.0
1988	13.0	N	8.4	N	31.3	N	17.3	26.7
1989	12.8	N	8.3	N	30.7	N	14.1	26.2
1990	13.5	N	8.8	N	31.9	N	12.2	28.1
1991	14.2	N	9.4	N	32.7	N	13.8	28.7
1992	14.8	N	9.6	N	33.4	N	12.7	29.6
1993	15.1	N	9.9	N	33.1	N	15.3	30.6
1994	14.5	N	9.4	N	30.6	N	14.6	30.7
1995	13.8	N	8.5	N	29.3	N	14.6	30.3
1996	13.7	N	8.6	N	28.4	N	14.5	29.4
1997	13.3	N	8.6	N	26.5	N	14.0	27.1
1998	12.7	N	8.2	N	26.1	N	12.5	25.6
1998 ²	11.9	N	7.7	N	23.6	N	10.7	22.7
2000 ³	11.3	N	7.4	N	22.5	N	9.9	21.5
2001	11.7	N	7.8	N	22.7	N	10.2	21.4
2002	12.1	8.0	N	24.1	N	10.1	N	21.8
2003	12.5	8.2	N	24.4	N	11.8	N	22.5
2004 ⁴	12.7	8.7	N	24.7	N	9.8	N	21.9
2005	12.6	8.3	N	24.9	N	11.1	N	21.8
2006	12.3	8.2	N	24.3	N	10.3	N	20.6
2007	12.5	8.2	N	24.5	N	10.2	N	21.5
2008	13.2	8.6	N	24.7	N	11.8	N	23.2
2009	14.3	9.4	N	25.8	N	12.5	N	25.3
2010 ⁵	15.1	9.9	N	27.4	N	12.2	N	26.5
2011	15.0	9.8	N	27.6	N	12.3	N	25.3
2012	15.0	9.7	N	27.2	N	11.7	N	25.6
2013 ⁶	14.5	9.6	N	27.2	N	10.5	N	23.5
2013 ⁷	14.8	10.0	N	25.2	N	13.1	N	24.7
2014	14.8	10.1	N	26.2	N	12.0	N	23.6
2015	13.5	9.1	N	24.1	N	11.4	N	21.4
2016	12.7	8.8	N	22.0	N	10.1	N	19.4

N Not available.

¹Starting with the 2003 CPS, respondents were allowed to choose more than one race. This table presents the single-race population for 2002 to present. For example White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. For 2001 and earlier years, the CPS allowed respondents to report only one race group.

²Consistent with 2001 data through implementation of Census 2000-based population controls.

³Consistent with 2001 data through implementation of Census 2000-based population controls and a 28,000 household sample expansion.

⁴CPS 2005 ASEC file (2004 data) was corrected after the release of the 2004 Income, Poverty and Health Insurance report due to adjustments to the weights.

⁵Consistent with 2011 data through implementation of Census 2010-based population controls.

⁶The 2014 CPS ASEC included redesigned questions for income and health insurance coverage. All of the approximately 98,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned set of health insurance coverage questions. The redesigned income questions were implemented to a subsample of these 98,000 addresses using a probability split panel design. Approximately 68,000 addresses were eligible to receive a set of income questions similar to those used in the 2013 CPS ASEC and the remaining 30,000 addresses were eligible to recode the redesigned income questions. The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the income questions, consistent with the 2013 CPS ASEC, approximately 68,000 addresses.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1960 to 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Recessions

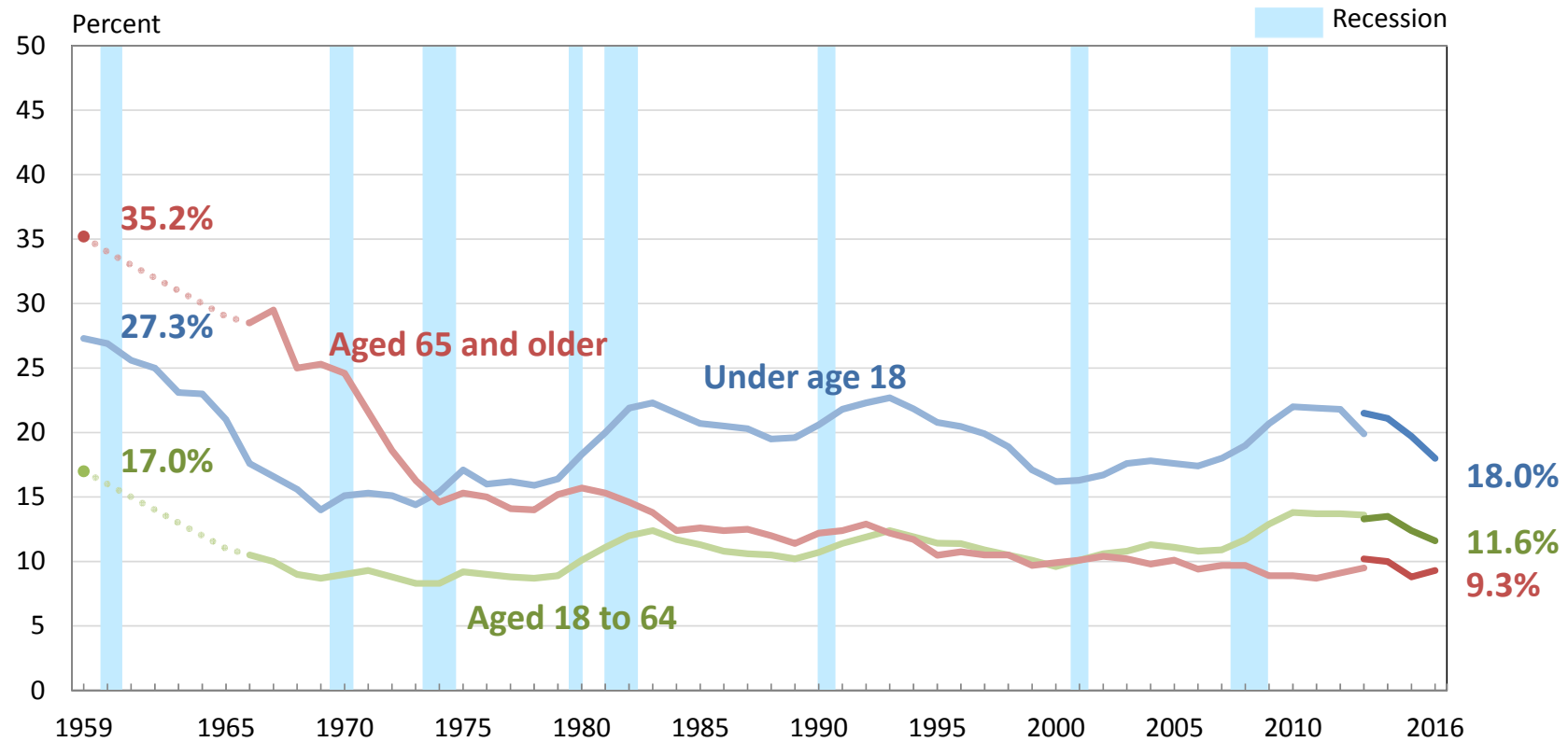
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July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research

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Poverty Rates by Age: 1959 to 2016



Poverty Rates by Age: 1959 to 2016

(Percent)

Year	Under age18	Aged 18 to 64	Aged 65 and older	Year	Under age18	Aged 18 to 64	Aged 65 and older
1959	27.3	17.0	35.2	1989	19.6	10.2	11.4
1960	26.9	N	N	1990	20.6	10.7	12.2
1961	25.6	N	N	1991	21.8	11.4	12.4
1962	25.0	N	N	1992	22.3	11.9	12.9
1963	23.1	N	N	1993	22.7	12.4	12.2
1964	23.0	N	N	1994	21.8	11.9	11.7
1965	21.0	N	N	1995	20.8	11.4	10.5
1966	17.6	10.5	28.5	1996	20.5	11.4	10.8
1967	16.6	10.0	29.5	1997	19.9	10.9	10.5
1968	15.6	9.0	25.0	1998	18.9	10.5	10.5
1969	14.0	8.7	25.3	1999 ¹	17.1	10.1	9.7
1970	15.1	9.0	24.6	2000 ²	16.2	9.6	9.9
1971	15.3	9.3	21.6	2001	16.3	10.1	10.1
1972	15.1	8.8	18.6	2002	16.7	10.6	10.4
1973	14.4	8.3	16.3	2003	17.6	10.8	10.2
1974	15.4	8.3	14.6	2004 ³	17.8	11.3	9.8
1975	17.1	9.2	15.3	2005	17.6	11.1	10.1
1976	16.0	9.0	15.0	2006	17.4	10.8	9.4
1977	16.2	8.8	14.1	2007	18.0	10.9	9.7
1978	15.9	8.7	14.0	2008	19.0	11.7	9.7
1979	16.4	8.9	15.2	2009	20.7	12.9	8.9
1980	18.3	10.1	15.7	2010 ⁴	22.0	13.8	8.9
1981	20.0	11.1	15.3	2011	21.9	13.7	8.7
1982	21.9	12.0	14.6	2012	21.8	13.7	9.1
1983	22.3	12.4	13.8	2013 ⁵	19.9	13.6	9.5
1984	21.5	11.7	12.4	2013 ⁶	21.5	13.3	10.2
1985	20.7	11.3	12.6	2014	21.1	13.5	10.0
1986	20.5	10.8	12.4	2015	19.7	12.4	8.8
1987	20.3	10.6	12.5	2016	18.0	11.6	9.3
1988	19.5	10.5	12.0				

N Not available.

¹Consistent with 2001 data through implementation of Census 2000-based population controls.

²Consistent with 2001 data through implementation of Census 2000-based population controls and a 28,000 household sample expansion.

³CPS 2005 ASEC file (2004 data) was corrected after the release of the 2004 Income, Poverty and Health Insurance report due to adjustments to the weights.

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⁵The 2014 CPS ASEC included redesigned questions for income and health insurance coverage. All of the approximately 98,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned set of health insurance coverage questions. The redesigned income questions were implemented to a subsample of these 98,000 addresses using a probability split panel design. Approximately 68,000 addresses were eligible to receive a set of income questions similar to those used in the 2013 CPS ASEC and the remaining 30,000 addresses were eligible to receive the redesigned income questions. The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the income questions consistent with the 2013 CPS ASEC, approximately 68,000

⁶The source of these 2013 estimates is the portion of the CPS ASEC sample which received the redesigned income questions, approximately 30,000 addresses.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1960 to 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Recessions

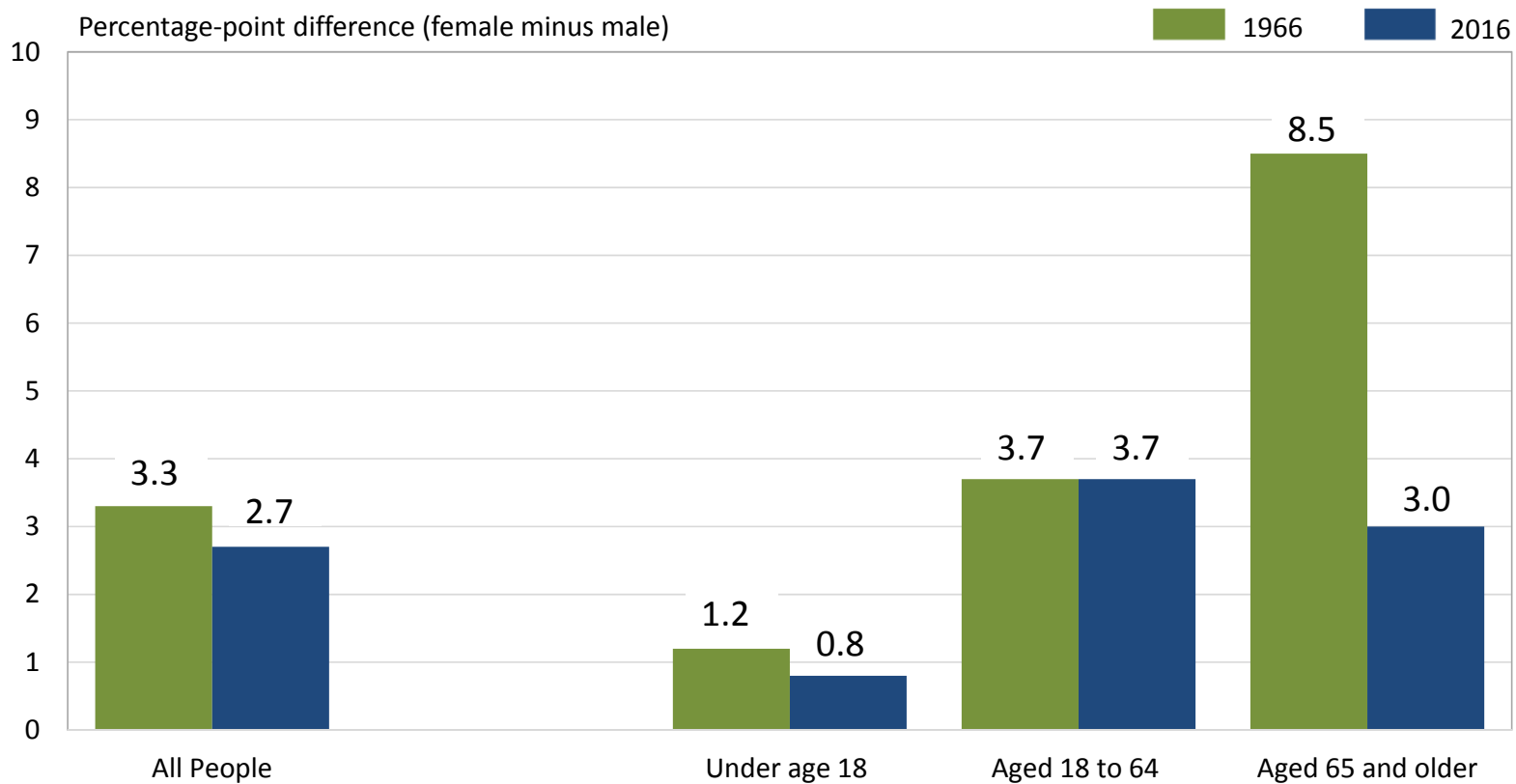
Peak month	Year	Trough month	Year
November	1948	October	1949
July	1953	May	1954
August	1957	April	1958
April	1960	February	1961
December	1969	November	1970
November	1973	March	1975
January	1980	July	1980
July	1981	November	1982
July	1990	March	1991
March	2001	November	2001
December	2007	June	2009

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research

Cambridge, MA 02138

<www.nber.org>

Comparison of Female-to-Male Poverty Rates: 1966 and 2016



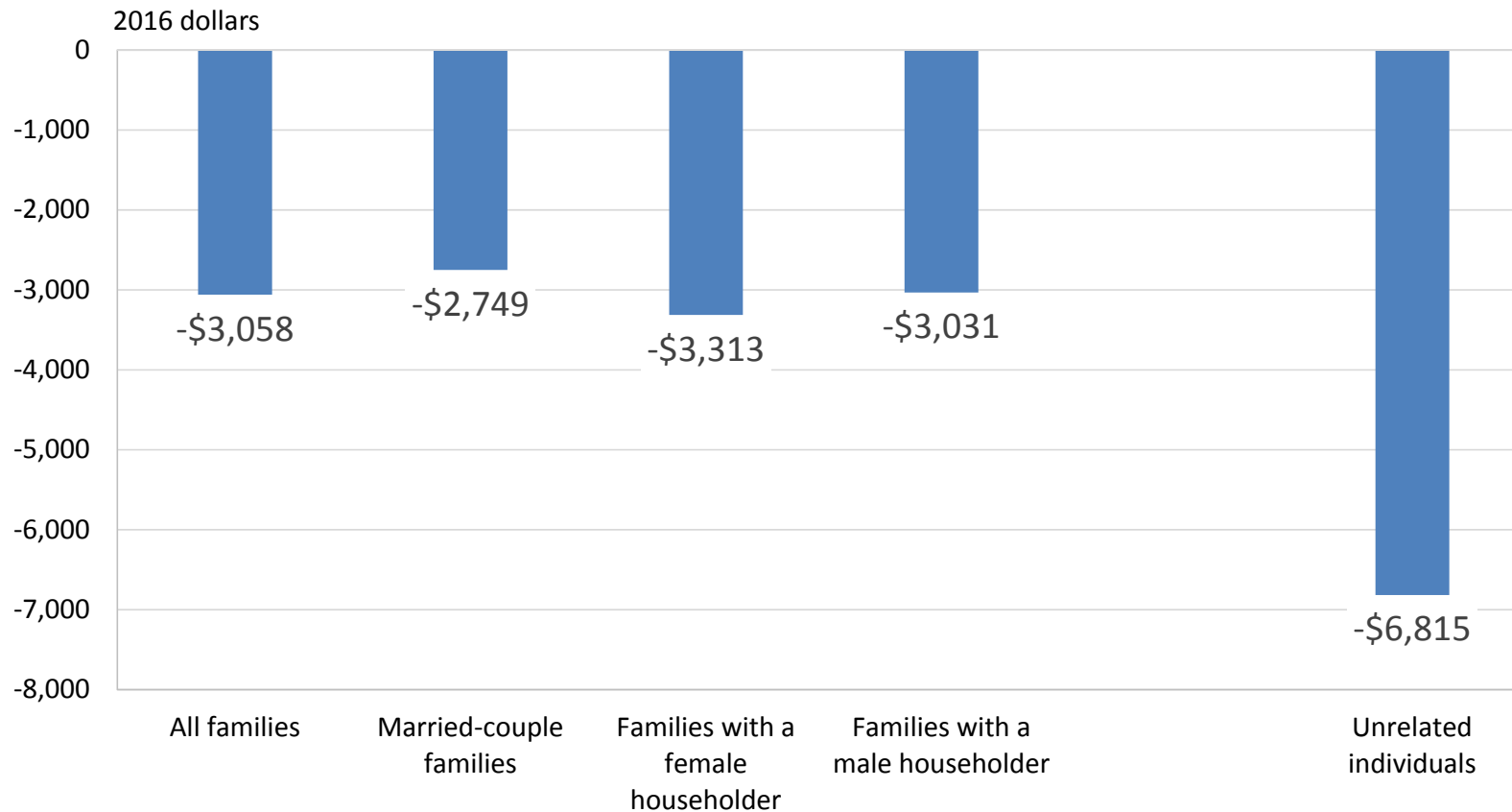
Comparison of Female-to-Male Poverty Rates: 1966 and 2016

(Percent-point difference (female minus males))

Characteristic	1966	2016
All People	3.3	2.7
Under age 18	1.2	0.8
Aged 18 to 64	3.7	3.7
Aged 65 and older	8.5	3.0

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 1967 to 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Average Per Capita Income Deficit for Families and Unrelated Individuals in Poverty: 2016



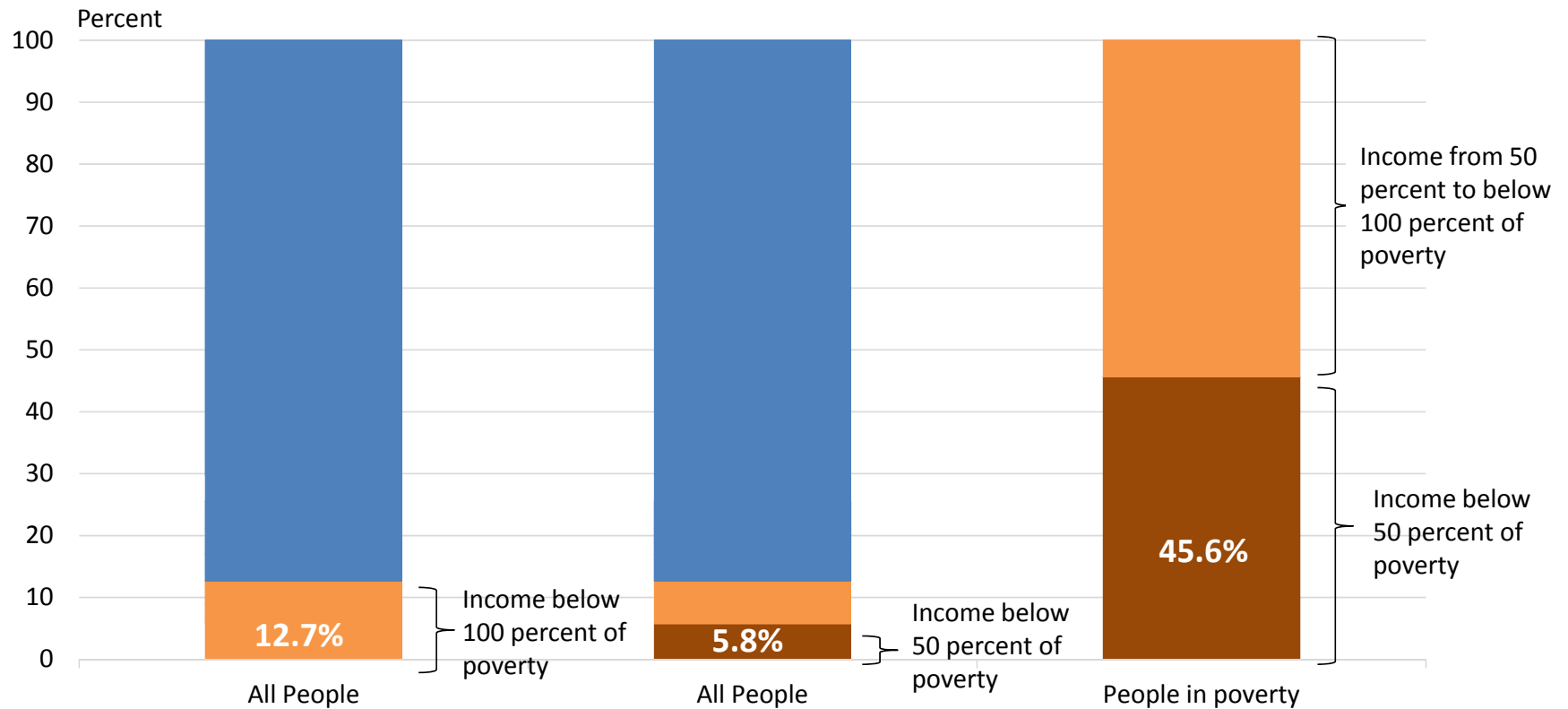
Average Per Capita Income Deficit for Families and Unrelated Individuals in Poverty: 2016

(2016 dollars)

Characteristic	2016
All families	-3,058
Married-couple families	-2,749
Families with a female householder	-3,313
Families with a male householder	-3,031
Unrelated individuals	-6,815

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/prod/techdoc/cps/cpsmar17.pdf>.

People with Income at Various Levels of Poverty: 2016



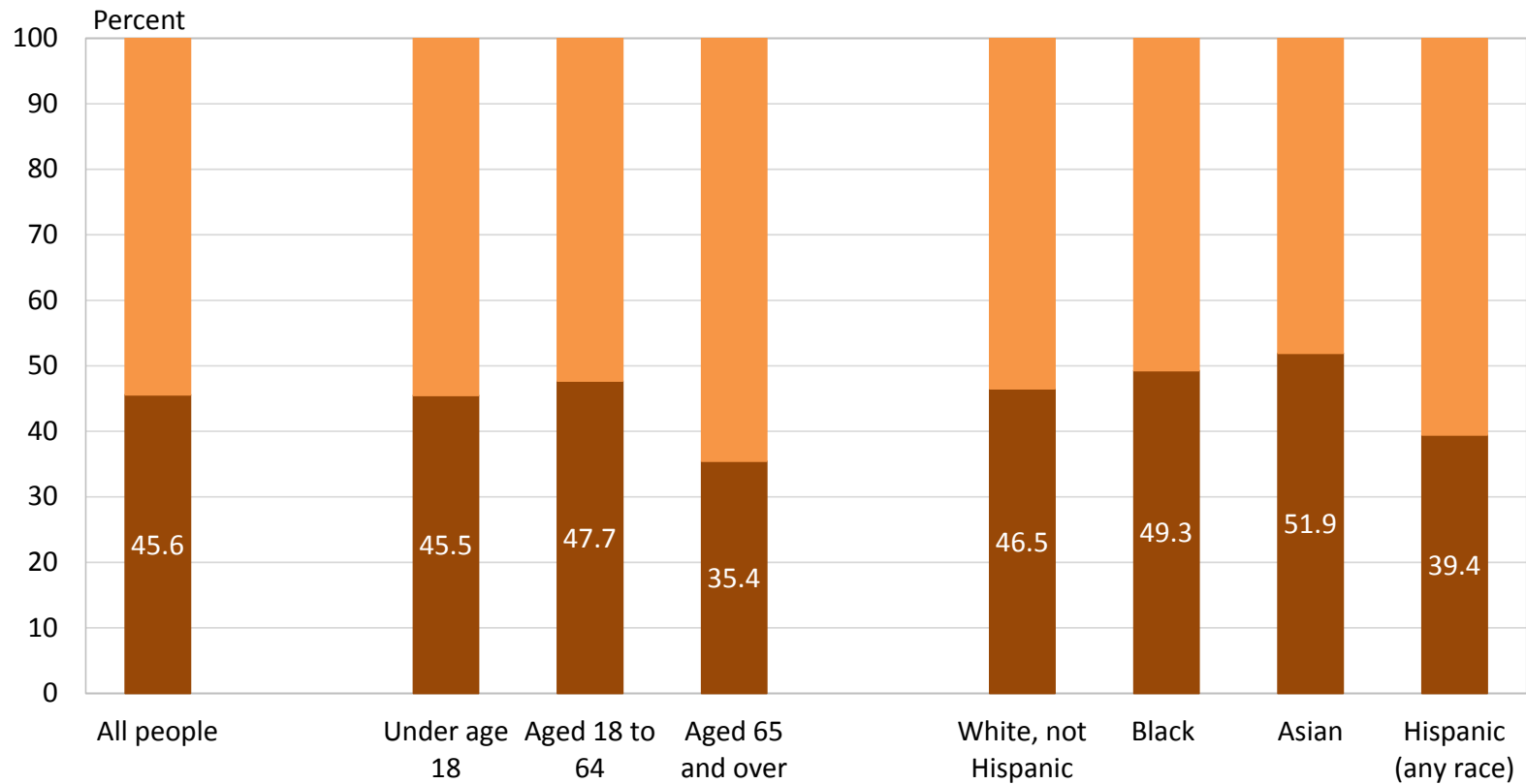
People with Income at Various Levels of Poverty: 2016

(Percent)

Characteristic	2016
Income below 100 percent of poverty	12.7%
Income below 50 percent of poverty	5.8%
Of those in poverty:	
Income below 50 percent of poverty	45.6%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf.

People Below 50 Percent of Their Threshold Among Those in Poverty by Selected Characteristics: 2016



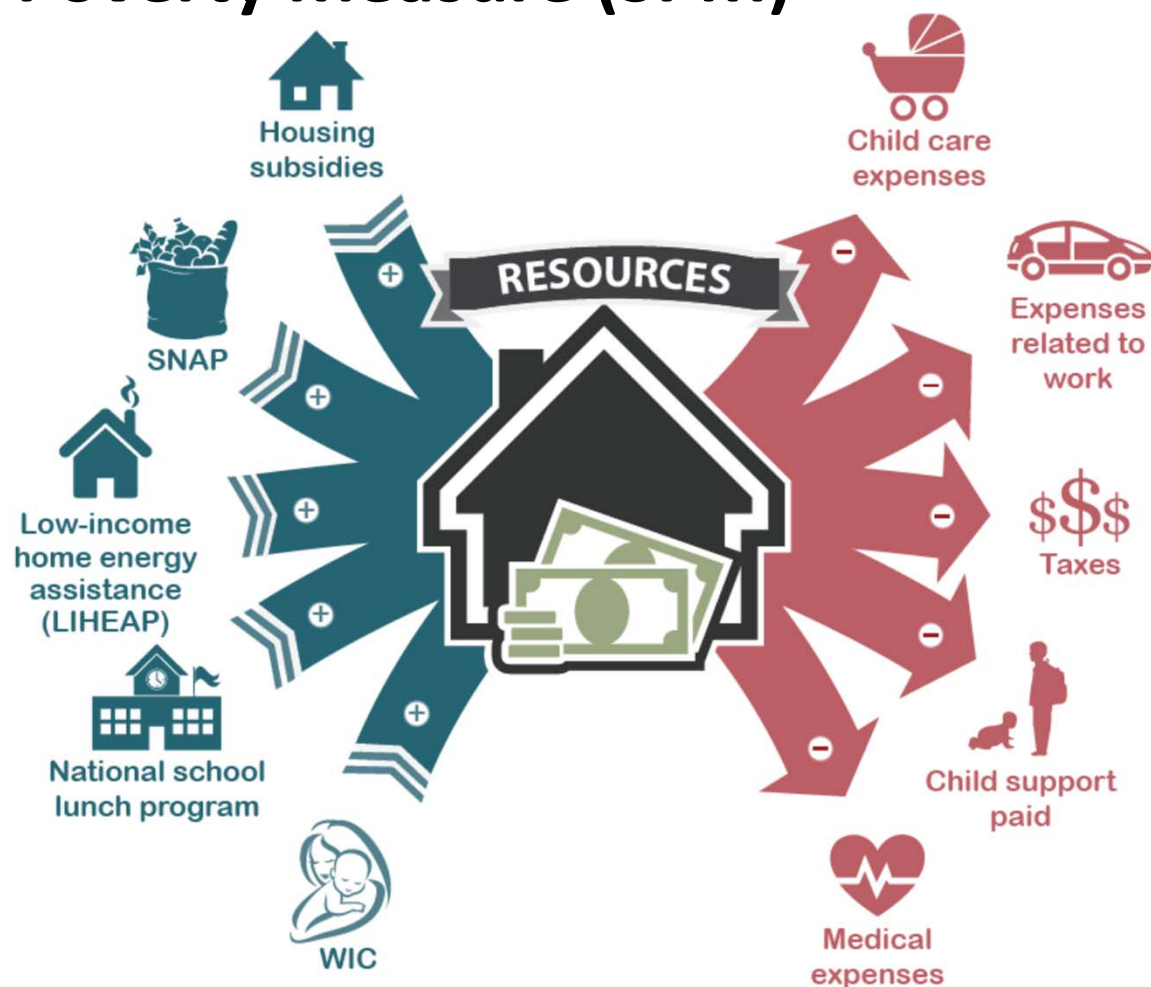
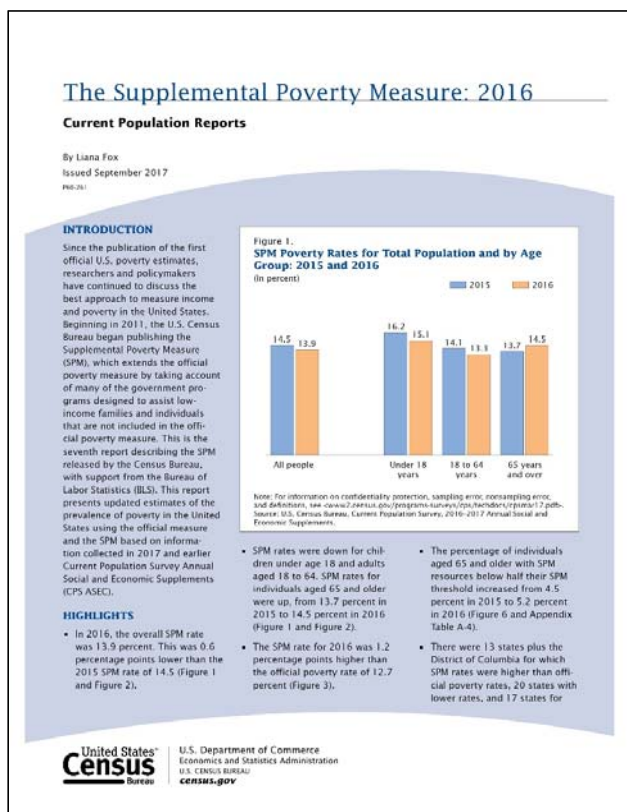
People Below 50 Percent of Their Threshold Among Those in Poverty by Selected Characteristics: 2016

(Percent)

Characteristic	2016
All people	45.6%
Under age 18	45.5%
Aged 18 to 64	47.7%
Aged 65 and older	35.4%
White, not Hispanic	46.5%
Black	49.3%
Asian	51.9%
Hispanic (any race)	39.4%

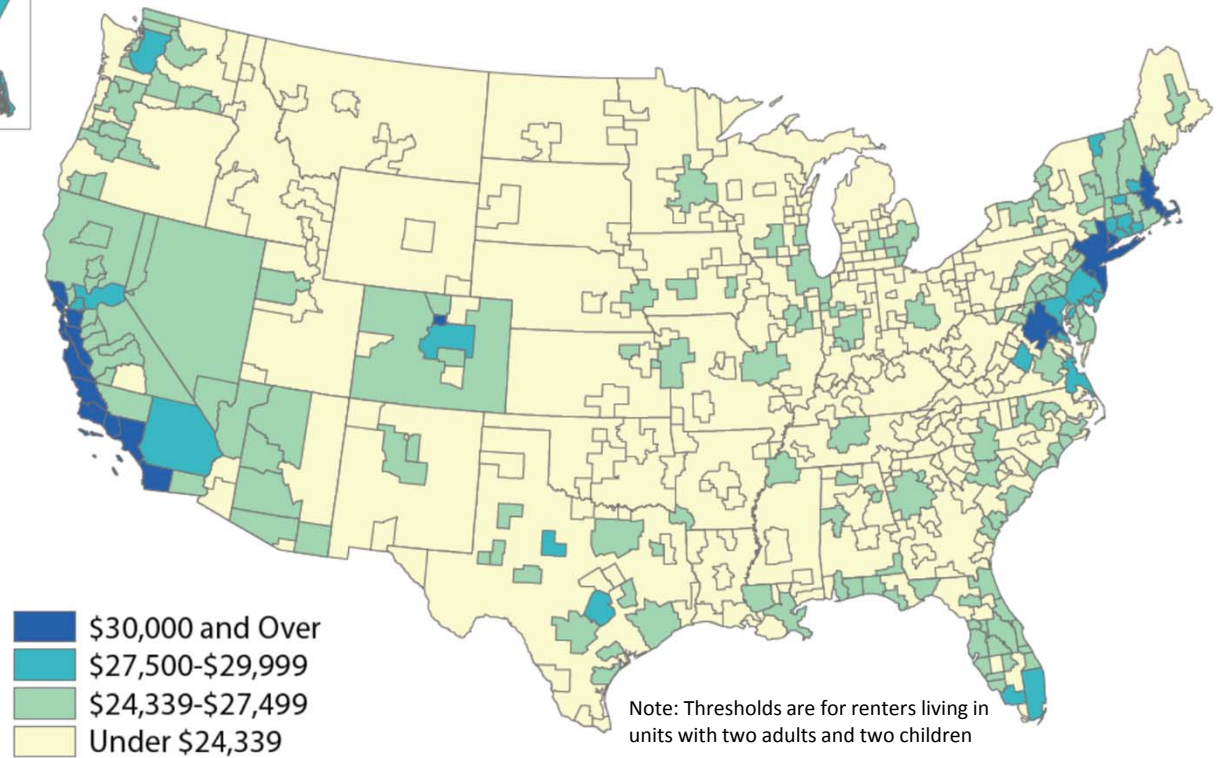
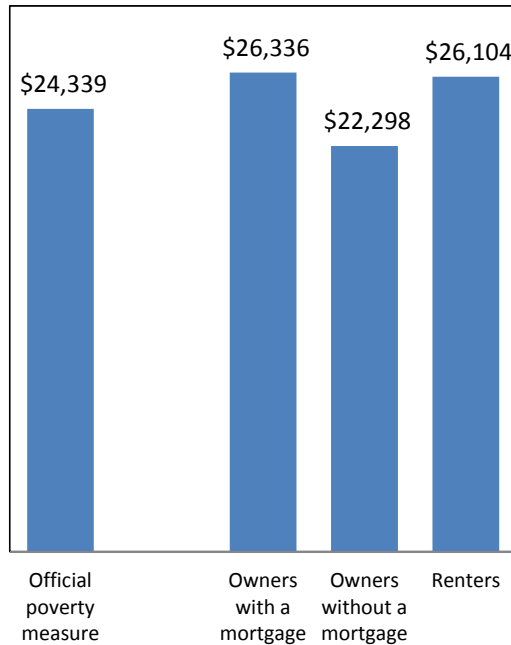
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www2.census.gov/prod/techdoc/cps/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Supplemental Poverty Measure (SPM)

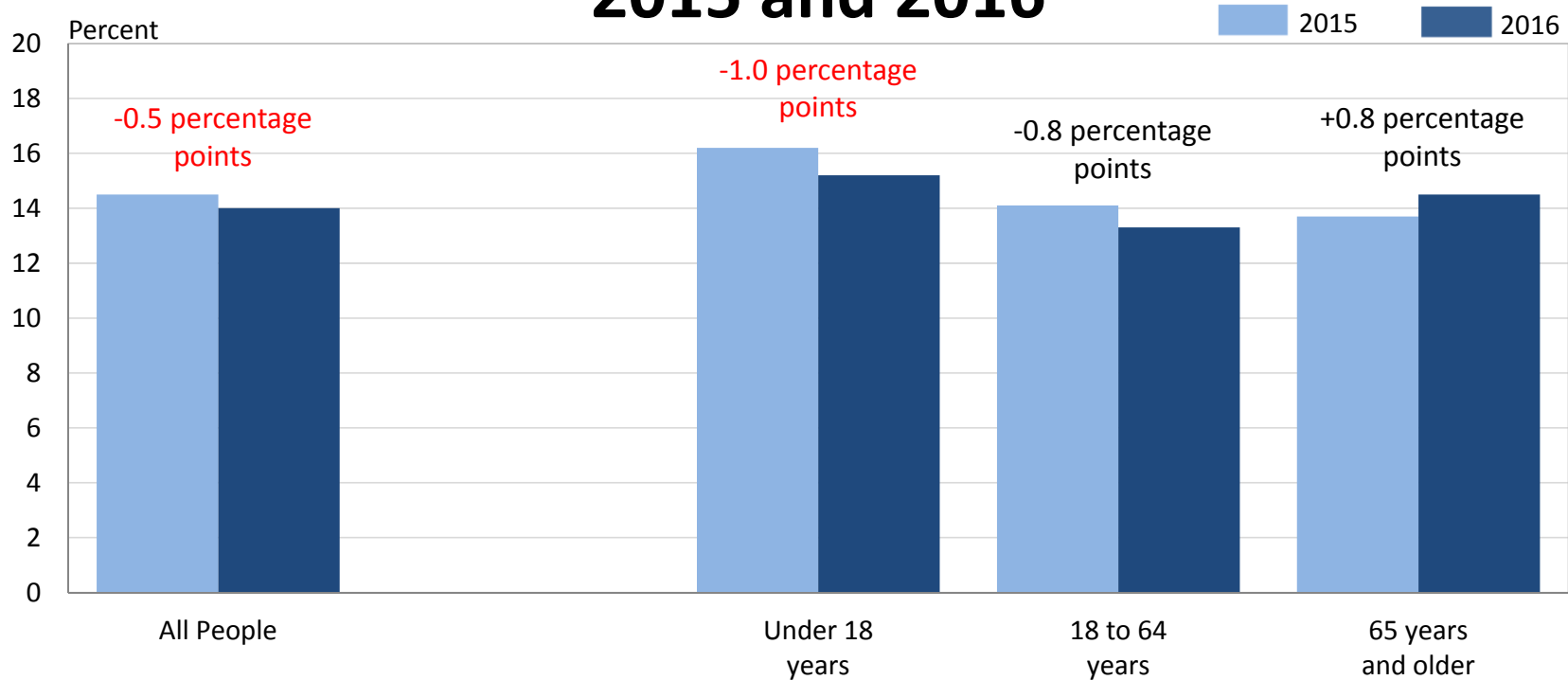


Official and SPM Thresholds for Units with Two Adults and Two Children: 2016

2016 Dollars



Comparison of SPM Poverty Estimates: 2015 and 2016



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2016 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

Erratum Note: The U.S. Census Bureau identified an error in the input of Supplemental Poverty Measure thresholds for renters used in the 2016 Supplemental Poverty Measure data products. The base threshold should have been \$26,104 and was erroneously entered as \$26,014. This error affected the Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty status for 109 unweighted observations. As a result, the overall Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty rate was understated by 0.06 percentage points—13.91 in published tables compared to 13.97 percent. Corrected tables, research files, and a revised report will be available on our website.

Comparison of SPM Poverty Estimates: 2015 and 2016

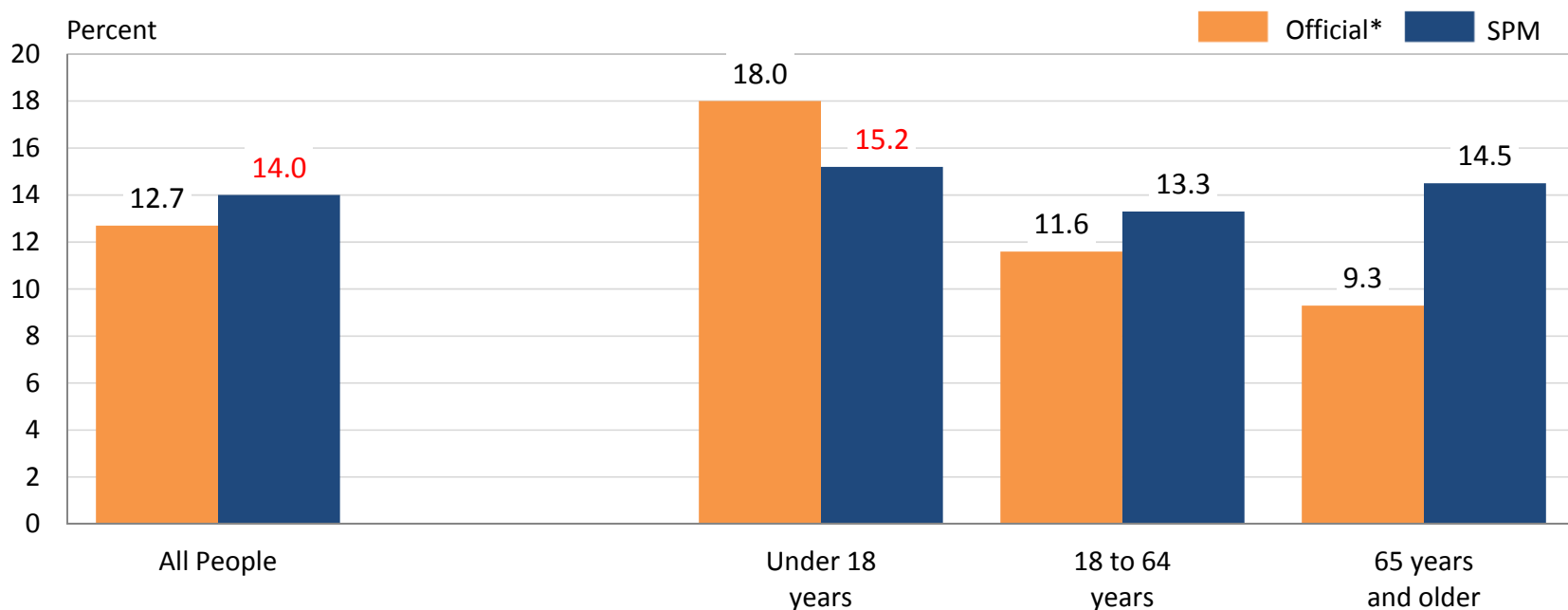
(Percent)

Characteristic	2015	2016
All People	14.5%	14.0%
Under 18 years	16.2%	15.2%
18 to 64 years	14.1%	13.3%
65 years and older	13.7%	14.5%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2016 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/prod/techdoc/cps/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Erratum Note: The U.S. Census Bureau identified an error in the input of Supplemental Poverty Measure thresholds for renters used in the 2016 Supplemental Poverty Measure data products. The base threshold should have been \$26,104 and was erroneously entered as \$26,014. This error affected the Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty status for 109 unweighted observations. As a result, the overall Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty rate was understated by 0.06 percentage points—13.91 in published tables compared to 13.97 percent. Corrected tables, research files, and a revised report will be available on our website.

Comparison of SPM and Official Poverty Estimates: 2016



*Includes unrelated individuals under age 15.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Erratum Note: The U.S. Census Bureau identified an error in the input of Supplemental Poverty Measure thresholds for renters used in the 2016 Supplemental Poverty Measure data products. The base threshold should have been \$26,104 and was erroneously entered as \$26,014. This error affected the Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty status for 109 unweighted observations. As a result, the overall Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty rate was understated by 0.06 percentage points—13.91 in published tables compared to 13.97 percent. Corrected tables, research files, and a revised report will be available on our website.

Comparison of SPM and Official Poverty Estimates: 2016

(Percent)

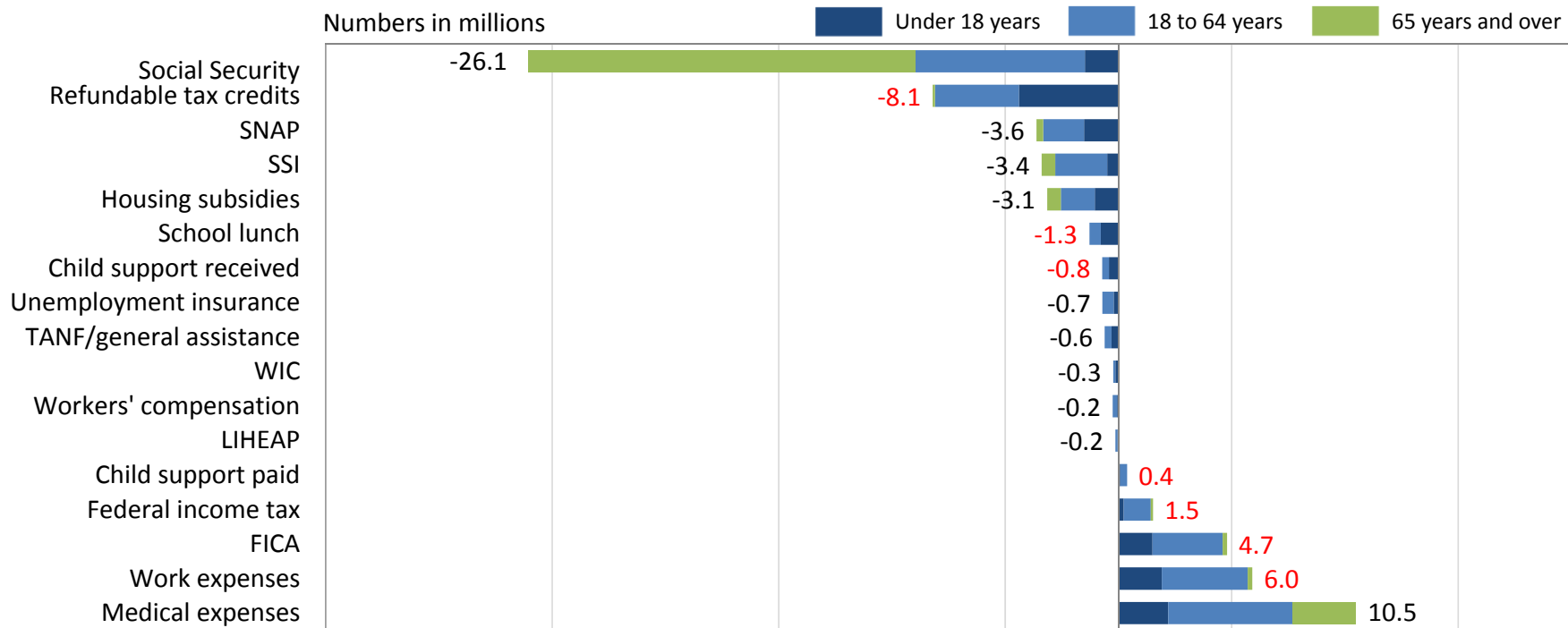
Characteristic	Official*	SPM
All People	12.7%	14.0%
Under 18 years	18.0%	15.2%
18 to 64 years	11.6%	13.3%
65 years and older	9.3%	14.5%

*Includes unrelated individuals under age 15.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/prod/techdoc/cps/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Erratum Note: The U.S. Census Bureau identified an error in the input of Supplemental Poverty Measure thresholds for renters used in the 2016 Supplemental Poverty Measure data products. The base threshold should have been \$26,104 and was erroneously entered as \$26,014. This error affected the Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty status for 109 unweighted observations. As a result, the overall Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty rate was understated by 0.06 percentage points—13.91 in published tables compared to 13.97 percent. Corrected tables, research files, and a revised report will be available on our website.

Change in Number of People in Poverty After Including Each Element: 2016



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Erratum Note: The U.S. Census Bureau identified an error in the input of Supplemental Poverty Measure thresholds for renters used in the 2016 Supplemental Poverty Measure data products. The base threshold should have been \$26,104 and was erroneously entered as \$26,014. This error affected the Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty status for 109 unweighted observations. As a result, the overall Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty rate was understated by 0.06 percentage points—13.91 in published tables compared to 13.97 percent. Corrected tables, research files, and a revised report will be available on our website.

Change in Number of People in Poverty After Including Each Element: 2016 (in millions)

Program	Under 18 years	18 to 64 years	65 years and over	All Ages
Social Security	-1.5	-7.5	-17.1	-26.1
Refundable tax credits	-4.4	-3.7	-0.1	-8.1
SNAP	-1.5	-1.8	-0.3	-3.6
SSI	-0.5	-2.3	-0.6	-3.4
Housing subsidies	-1.0	-1.5	-0.6	-3.1
School lunch	-0.8	-0.5	0.0	-1.3
Child support received	-0.4	-0.3	0.0	-0.8
Unemployment insurance	-0.2	-0.5	0.0	-0.7
TANF/general assistance	-0.3	-0.3	0.0	-0.6
WIC	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.3
Workers' compensation	-0.1	-0.2	0.0	-0.2
LIHEAP	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.2
Child support paid	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.4
Federal income tax	0.2	1.2	0.1	1.5
FICA	1.5	3.1	0.2	4.7
Work expenses	1.9	3.8	0.2	6.0
Medical expenses	2.2	5.5	2.8	10.5

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <www.census.gov/prod/techdoc/cps/cpsmar17.pdf>.

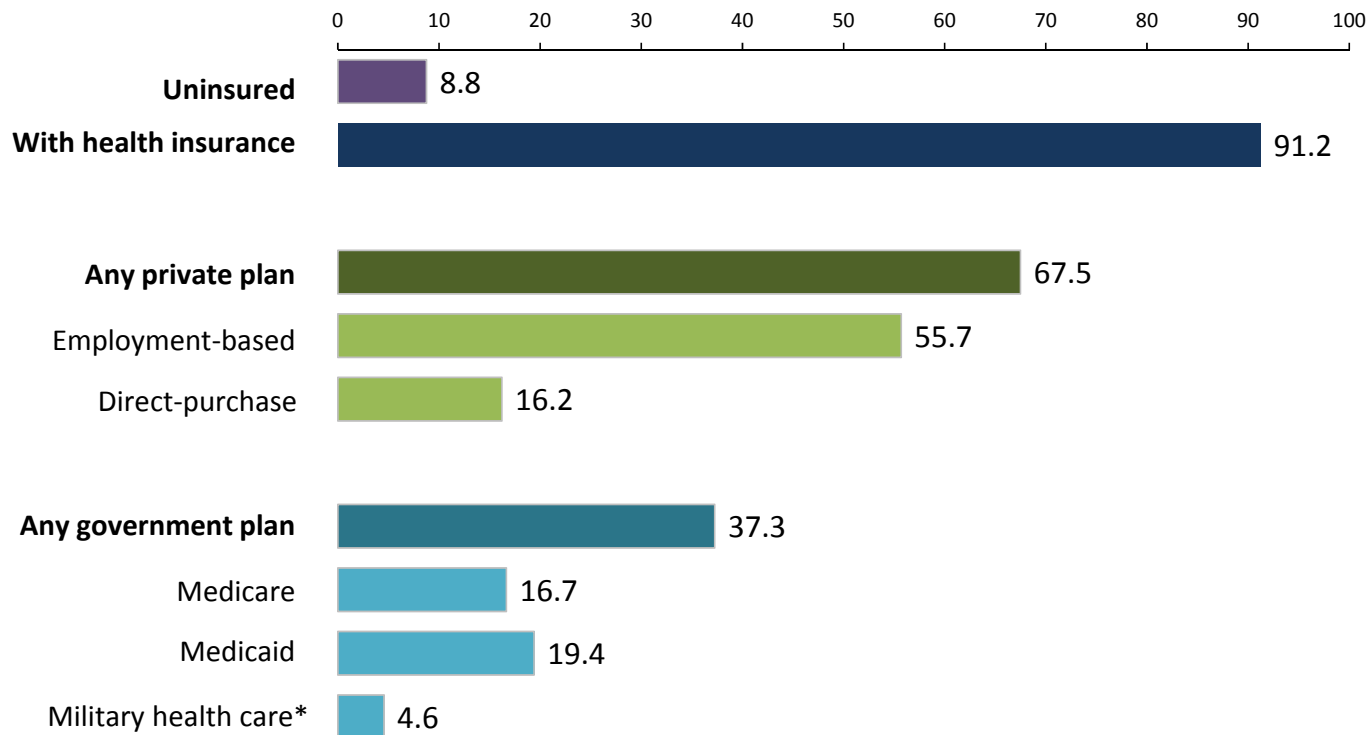
Erratum Note: The U.S. Census Bureau identified an error in the input of Supplemental Poverty Measure thresholds for renters used in the 2016 Supplemental Poverty Measure data products. The base threshold should have been \$26,104 and was erroneously entered as \$26,014. This error affected the Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty status for 109 unweighted observations. As a result, the overall Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty rate was understated by 0.06 percentage points—13.91 in published tables compared to 13.97 percent. Corrected tables, research files, and a revised report will be available on our website.



Changes in the rate of health insurance coverage reflect:

- Economic trends
- Demographic shifts
- Policy changes, such as the Affordable Care Act (ACA)

Percentage of People by Type of Health Insurance Coverage: 2016



Percentage of People by Type of Health Insurance Coverage: 2016

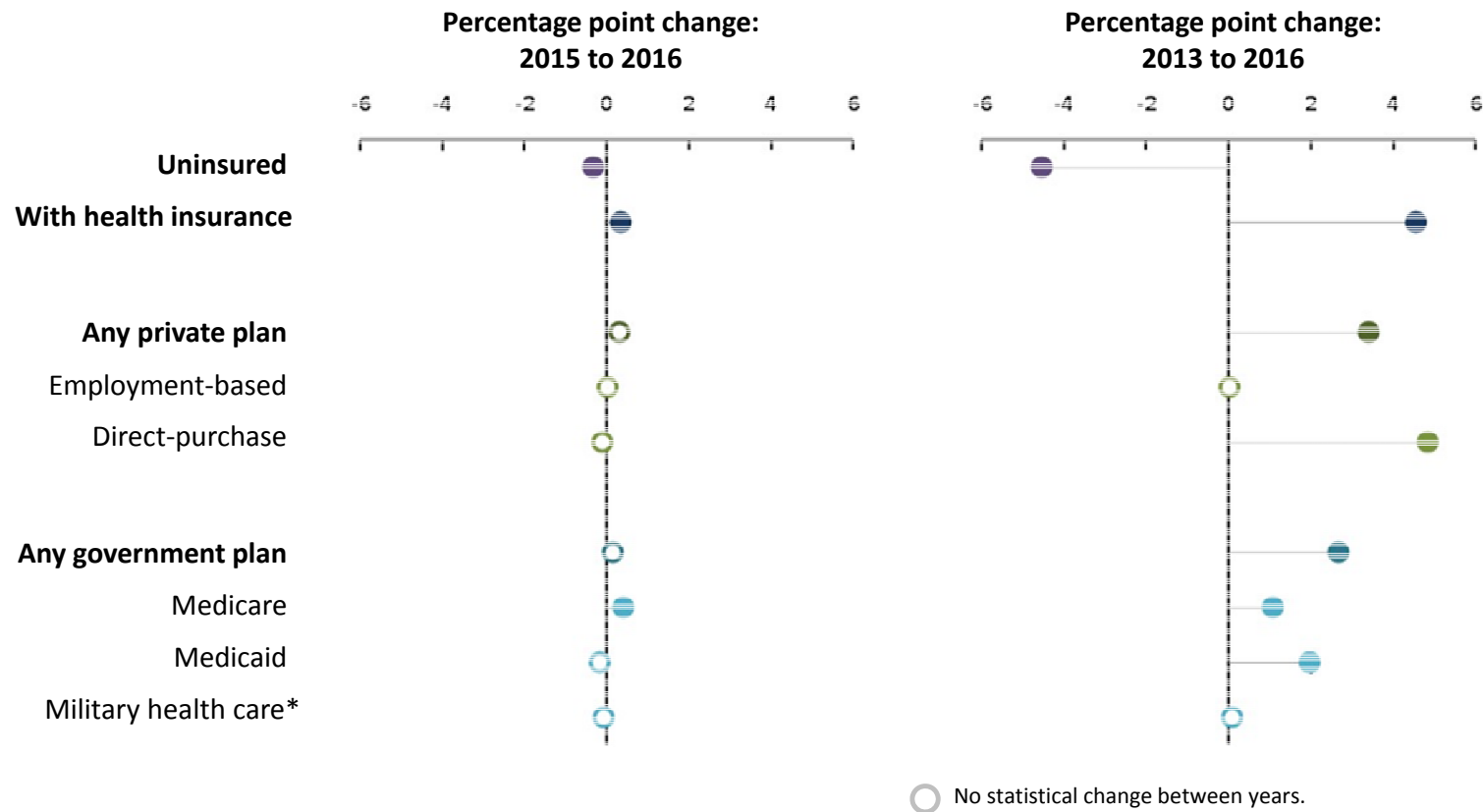
Type of Health Insurance	2016
Uninsured	8.8
With health insurance	91.2
Any Private Plan	67.5
Employment-based	55.7
Direct-purchase	16.2
Any Government Plan	37.3
Medicare	16.7
Medicaid	19.4
Military Health Care ¹	4.6

¹Military health care includes TRICARE and CHAMPVA (Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs), as well as care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs and the military.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the Current Population Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Change in Percentage of People by Type of Health Insurance Coverage: 2013 to 2016



Change in Percentage of People by Type of Health Insurance Coverage: 2013 to 2016

Type of Health Insurance	2013	2014	2015	2016	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2015)	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2013)
Uninsured	13.3	10.4	9.1	8.8	*-0.3	*-4.5
With health insurance	86.7	89.6	90.9	91.2	*0.3	*4.5
Any Private Plan	64.1	66.0	67.2	67.5	0.3	*3.4
Employment-based	55.7	55.4	55.7	55.7	Z	Z
Direct-purchase	11.4	14.6	16.3	16.2	-0.1	*4.8
Any Government Plan	34.6	36.5	37.1	37.3	0.1	*2.7
Medicare	15.6	16.0	16.3	16.7	*0.4	*1.1
Medicaid	17.5	19.5	19.6	19.4	-0.1	*1.9
Military Health Care ¹	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.6	-0.1	0.1

*Changes between the estimates are statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

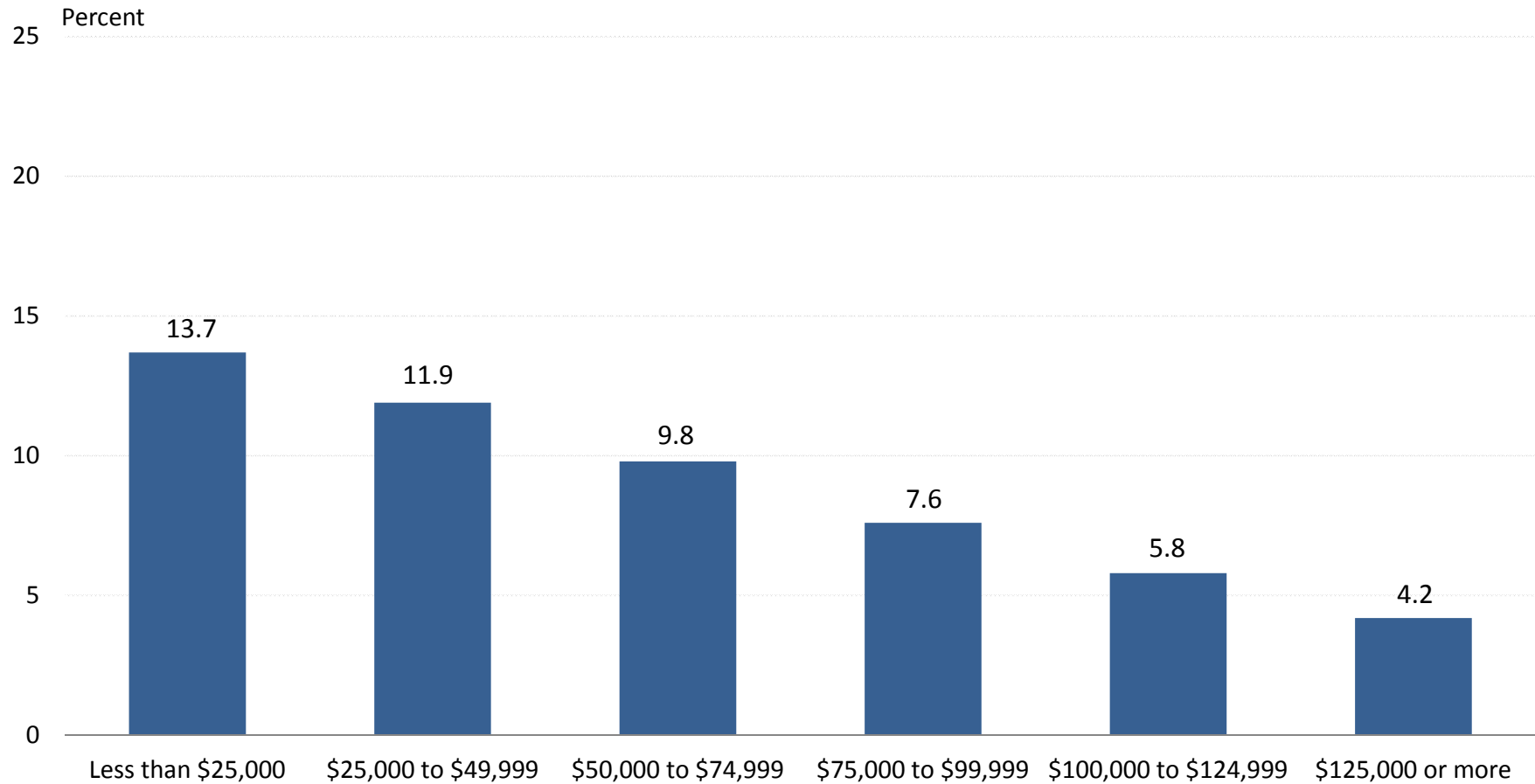
Z Represents or rounds to zero.

¹Military health care includes TRICARE and CHAMPVA (Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs), as well as care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs and the military.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the Current Population Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2014 to 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

Uninsured Rate by Household Income: 2016



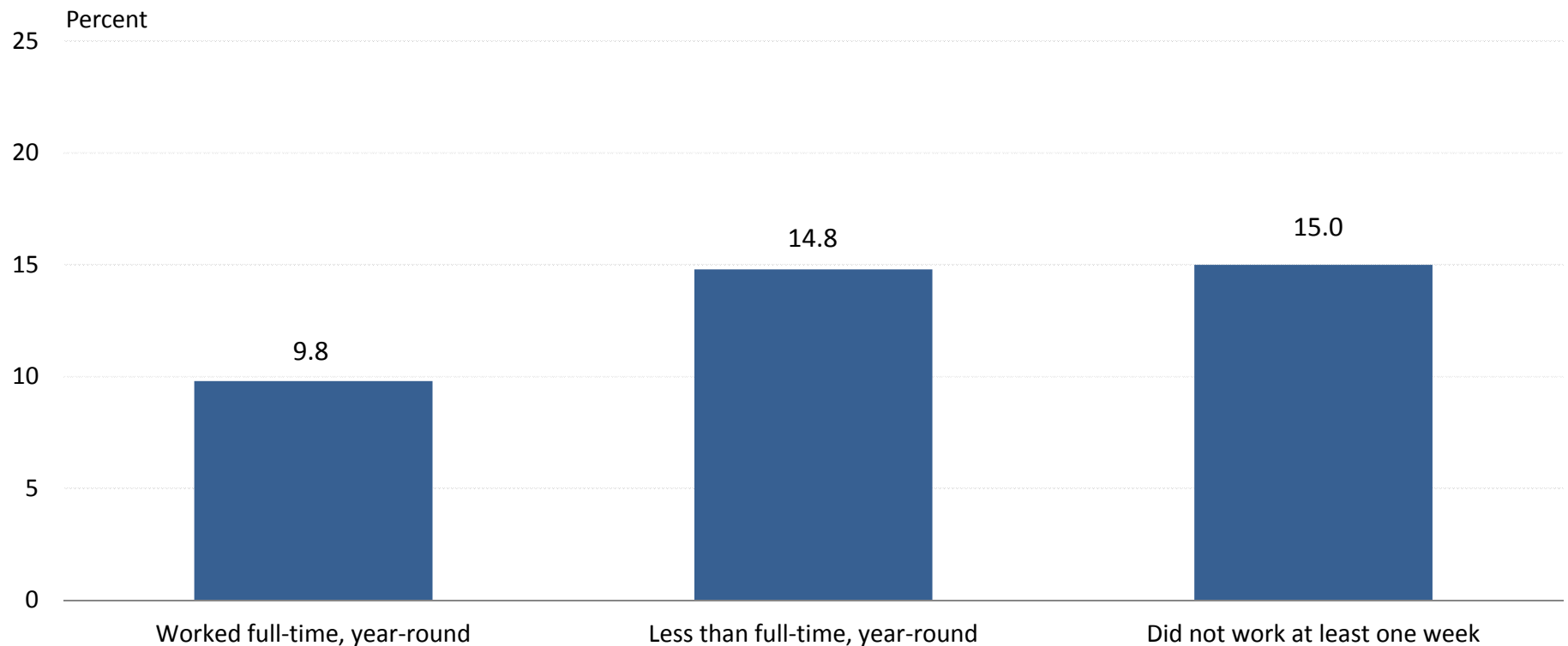
Uninsured Rate by Household Income: 2016

Household Income	2016
Less than \$25,000	13.7
\$25,000 to \$49,999	11.9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	9.8
\$75,000 to \$99,999	7.6
\$100,000 to \$124,999	5.8
\$125,000 or more	4.2

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the Current Population Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Uninsured Rate by Work Experience, Ages 19 to 64 Years: 2016



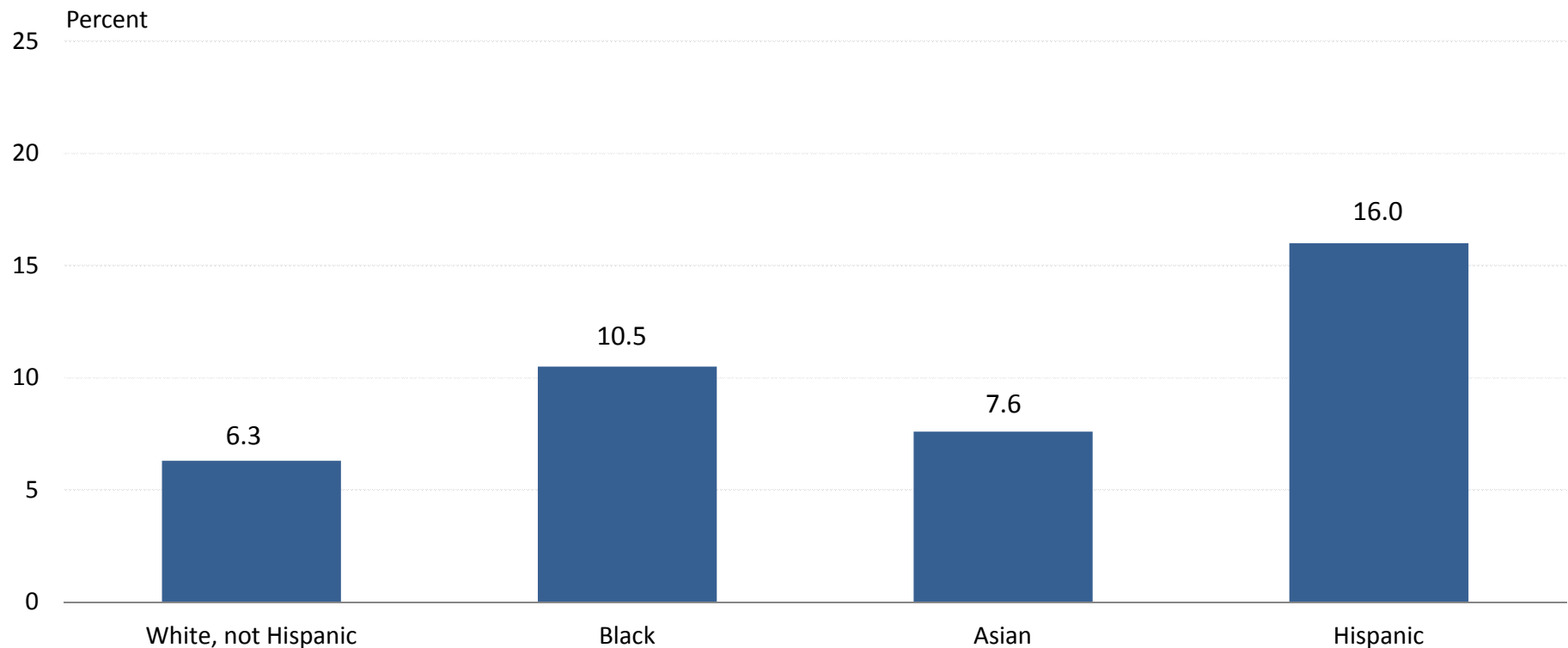
Uninsured Rate by Work Experience, Ages 19 to 64 Years: 2016

Work Experience	2016
Worked full-time, year-round	9.8
Less than full-time, year-round	14.8
Did not work at least one week	15.0

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the Current Population Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Uninsured Rate by Race and Hispanic Origin: 2016



Uninsured Rate by Race and Hispanic Origin: 2016

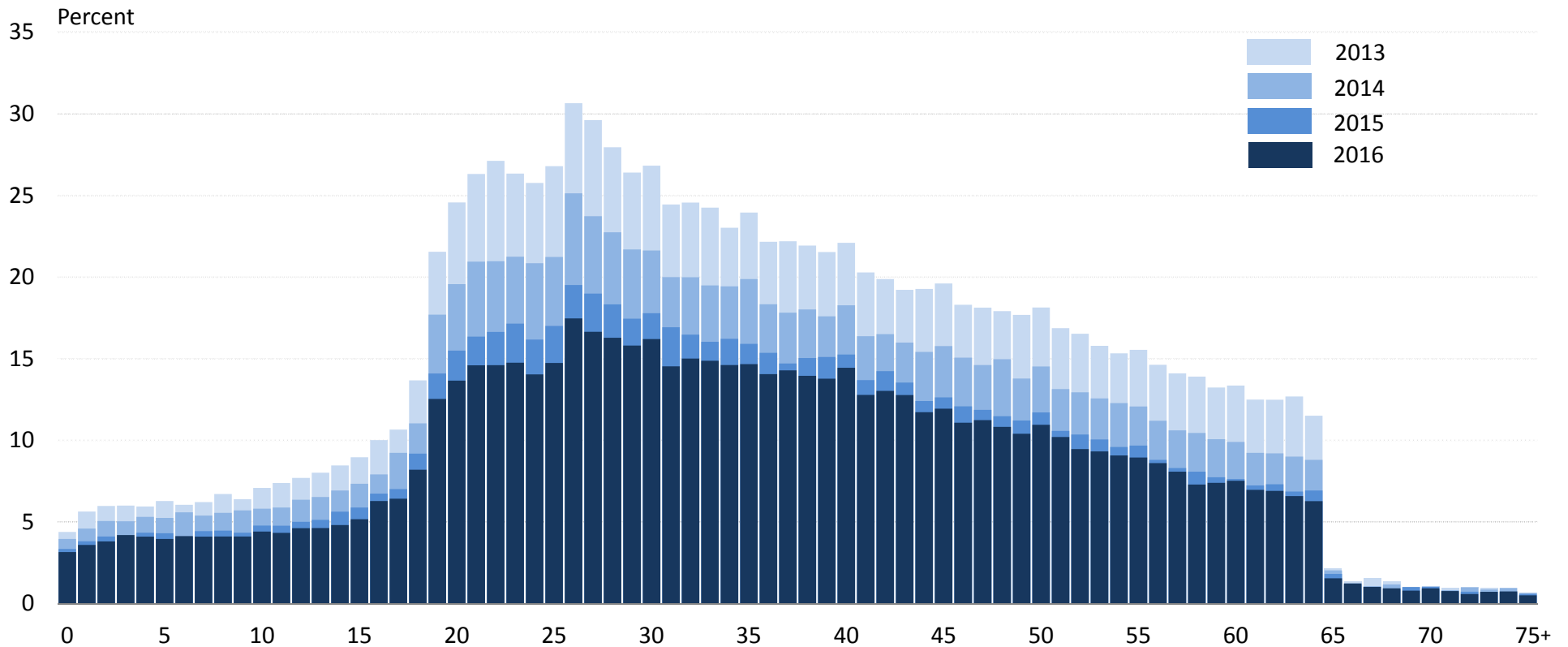
Race and Hispanic Origin	2016
White, not Hispanic	6.3
Black	10.5
Asian	7.6
Hispanic (any race)	16.0

Federal surveys give respondents the option of reporting more than one race. This chart shows data using the race-alone concept. For example, Asian refers to people who reported Asian and no other race.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the Current Population Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

Uninsured Rate by Single Year of Age: 2013 to 2016



Uninsured Rate by Single Year of Age: 2013 to 2016

Age	2013	2014	2015	2016	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2015)	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2013)
0	4.4	4.0	3.4	3.2	-0.2	*-1.2
1	5.6	4.6	3.8	3.6	-0.2	*-2.0
2	6.0	5.1	4.1	3.8	*-0.3	*-2.2
3	6.0	5.0	4.1	4.2	0.1	*-1.8
4	5.9	5.3	4.3	4.1	-0.2	*-1.8
5	6.3	5.2	4.3	4.0	*-0.4	*-2.3
6	6.0	5.6	4.1	4.1	0.1	*-1.9
7	6.2	5.4	4.4	4.1	*-0.3	*-2.1
8	6.7	5.6	4.5	4.1	*-0.4	*-2.6
9	6.4	5.7	4.3	4.1	-0.2	*-2.3
10	7.1	5.8	4.8	4.4	*-0.4	*-2.7
11	7.4	5.9	4.8	4.3	*-0.4	*-3.0
12	7.7	6.4	5.0	4.6	*-0.4	*-3.1
13	8.0	6.5	5.1	4.6	*-0.5	*-3.4
14	8.5	6.9	5.6	4.8	*-0.8	*-3.6
15	9.0	7.3	5.9	5.2	*-0.7	*-3.8
16	10.0	7.9	6.7	6.3	*-0.5	*-3.7
17	10.7	9.2	7.0	6.4	*-0.6	*-4.2
18	13.7	11.0	9.2	8.2	*-1.0	*-5.5
19	21.6	17.7	14.1	12.5	*-1.6	*-9.0
20	24.6	19.6	15.5	13.7	*-1.8	*-10.9
21	26.3	20.9	16.4	14.6	*-1.8	*-11.7
22	27.1	21.0	16.6	14.6	*-2.0	*-12.5
23	26.3	21.2	17.2	14.8	*-2.4	*-11.6
24	25.8	20.9	16.2	14.0	*-2.1	*-11.7
25	26.8	21.2	17.0	14.7	*-2.3	*-12.1
26	30.6	25.1	19.5	17.5	*-2.0	*-13.2
27	29.6	23.7	19.0	16.6	*-2.3	*-13.0
28	28.0	22.7	18.3	16.3	*-2.0	*-11.7
29	26.4	21.7	17.5	15.8	*-1.6	*-10.6
30	26.8	21.6	17.8	16.2	*-1.6	*-10.6
31	24.5	20.0	16.9	14.5	*-2.4	*-9.9
32	24.6	20.0	16.5	15.0	*-1.5	*-9.6
33	24.3	19.5	16.0	14.9	*-1.2	*-9.4
34	23.0	19.4	16.2	14.6	*-1.6	*-8.4
35	24.0	19.9	15.9	14.7	*-1.2	*-9.3
36	22.2	18.3	15.4	14.1	*-1.3	*-8.1
37	22.2	17.8	14.7	14.3	-0.4	*-7.9
38	21.9	18.0	15.0	14.0	*-1.1	*-8.0
39	21.5	17.6	15.1	13.8	*-1.3	*-7.8
40	22.1	18.3	15.3	14.4	*-0.8	*-7.7

Age	2013	2014	2015	2016	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2015)	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2013)
41	20.3	16.4	13.7	12.8	*-0.9	*-7.5
42	19.9	16.5	14.2	13.0	*-1.2	*-6.9
43	19.2	16.0	13.5	12.8	*-0.8	*-6.5
44	19.3	15.4	12.4	11.7	*-0.7	*-7.6
45	19.6	15.8	12.6	11.9	*-0.7	*-7.7
46	18.3	15.1	12.1	11.1	*-1.0	*-7.2
47	18.1	14.6	11.9	11.2	*-0.6	*-6.9
48	17.9	15.0	11.5	10.8	*-0.7	*-7.1
49	17.7	13.8	11.2	10.4	*-0.8	*-7.3
50	18.1	14.5	11.7	11.0	*-0.8	*-7.2
51	16.9	13.1	10.6	10.2	*-0.4	*-6.7
52	16.5	12.9	10.4	9.5	*-0.9	*-7.1
53	15.8	12.6	10.0	9.3	*-0.7	*-6.5
54	15.3	12.3	9.6	9.1	*-0.5	*-6.3
55	15.5	12.1	9.7	8.9	*-0.7	*-6.6
56	14.6	11.2	8.8	8.6	-0.2	*-6.0
57	14.1	10.6	8.3	8.1	-0.2	*-6.0
58	13.9	10.4	8.1	7.3	*-0.8	*-6.6
59	13.2	10.1	7.7	7.4	*-0.3	*-5.8
60	13.4	9.9	7.6	7.5	-0.1	*-5.8
61	12.5	9.2	7.2	7.0	-0.3	*-5.5
62	12.5	9.2	7.3	6.9	*-0.4	*-5.6
63	12.7	9.0	6.9	6.6	-0.3	*-6.1
64	11.5	8.8	6.9	6.3	*-0.6	*-5.2
65	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.5	*-0.3	*-0.6
66	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	0.1	*-0.2
67	1.6	1.1	1.0	1.0	Z	*-0.5
68	1.4	1.2	0.9	0.9	Z	*-0.4
69	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.8	*-0.2	-0.1
70	1.1	0.9	1.0	0.9	-0.1	-0.1
71	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.1	*-0.2
72	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.6	*-0.1	*-0.4
73	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	Z	*-0.3
74	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.7	Z	Z
75+	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	*-0.1	*-0.2

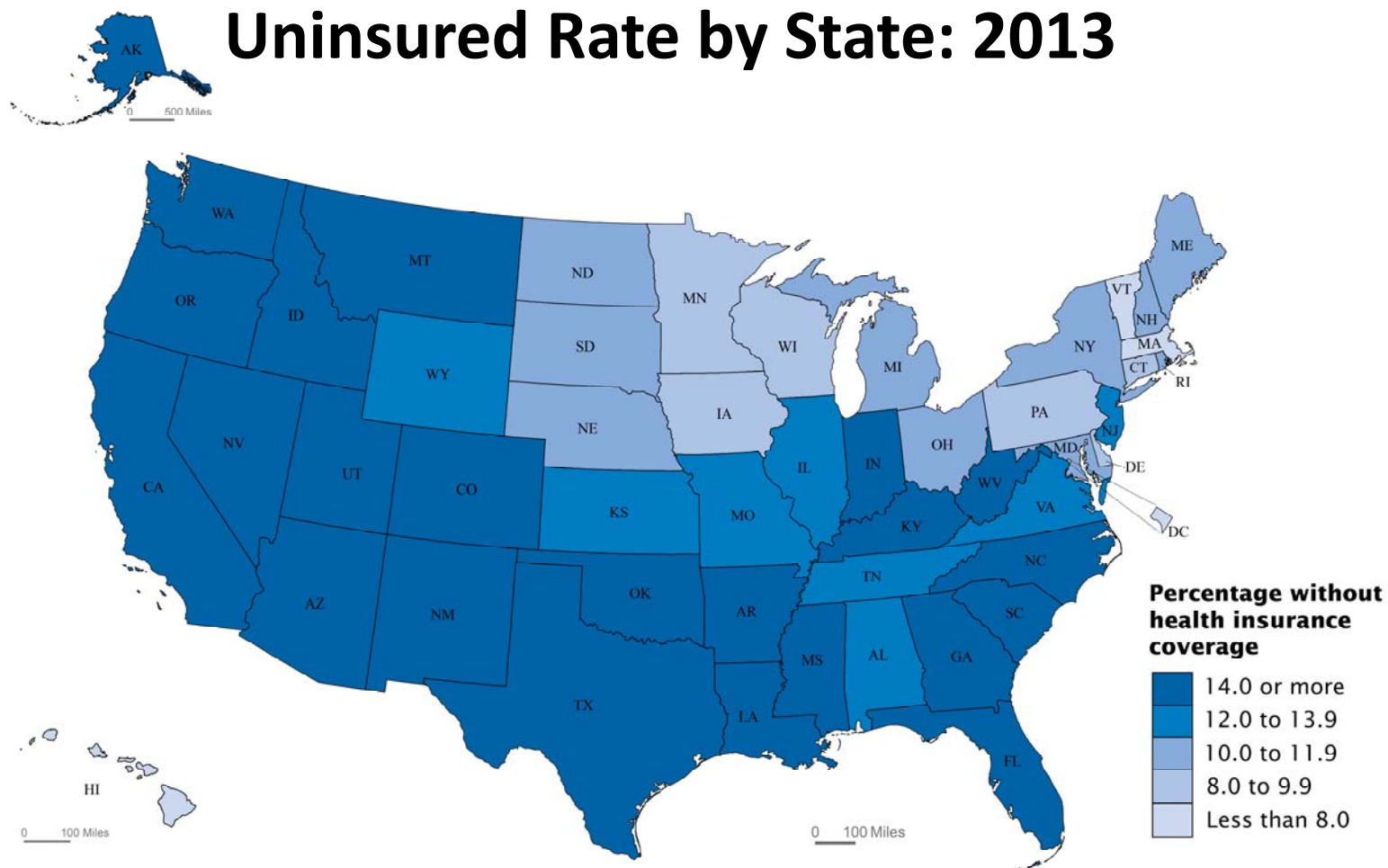
* Changes between the estimates are statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

Z Represents or rounds to zero.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the American Community Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/tech_docs/accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2016.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 to 2016 1-Year American Community Surveys.

Uninsured Rate by State: 2013



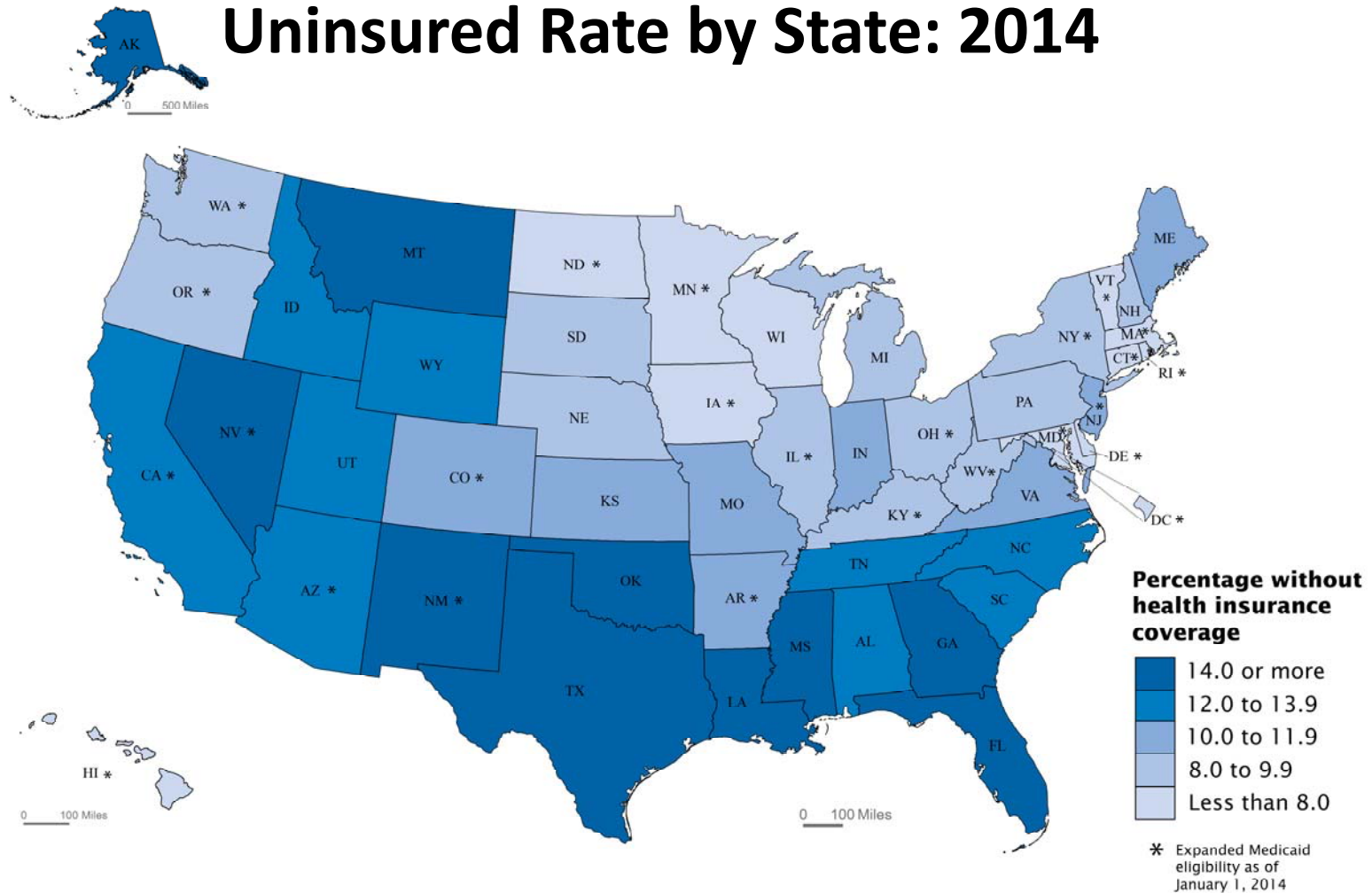
Uninsured Rate by State: 2013

State	Percent Uninsured	State	Percent Uninsured
United States	14.5	Missouri	13.0
Alabama	13.6	Montana	16.5
Alaska	18.5	Nebraska	11.3
Arizona	17.1	Nevada	20.7
Arkansas	16.0	New Hampshire	10.7
California	17.2	New Jersey	13.2
Colorado	14.1	New Mexico	18.6
Connecticut	9.4	New York	10.7
Delaware	9.1	North Carolina	15.6
District of Columbia	6.7	North Dakota	10.4
Florida	20.0	Ohio	11.0
Georgia	18.8	Oklahoma	17.7
Hawaii	6.7	Oregon	14.7
Idaho	16.2	Pennsylvania	9.7
Illinois	12.7	Rhode Island	11.6
Indiana	14.0	South Carolina	15.8
Iowa	8.1	South Dakota	11.3
Kansas	12.3	Tennessee	13.9
Kentucky	14.3	Texas	22.1
Louisiana	16.6	Utah	14.0
Maine	11.2	Vermont	7.2
Maryland	10.2	Virginia	12.3
Massachusetts	3.7	Washington	14.0
Michigan	11.0	West Virginia	14.0
Minnesota	8.2	Wisconsin	9.1
Mississippi	17.1	Wyoming	13.4

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the American Community Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/tech_docs/accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2016.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 1-Year American Community Survey.

Uninsured Rate by State: 2014



Uninsured Rate by State: 2014

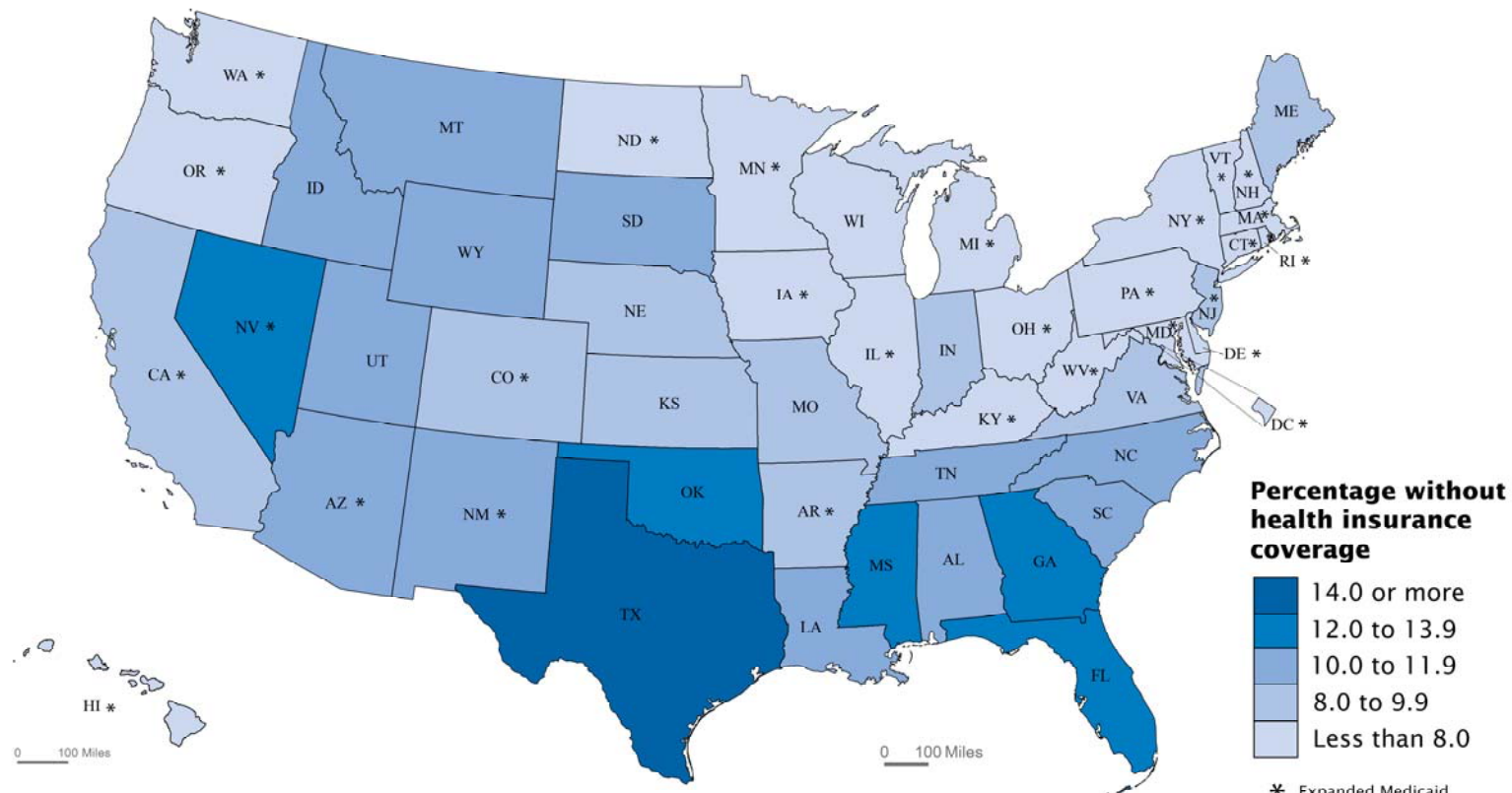
State	Percent Uninsured	State	Percent Uninsured
United States	11.7	Missouri	11.7
Alabama	12.1	Montana	14.2
Alaska	17.2	Nebraska	9.7
Arizona	13.6	Nevada	15.2
Arkansas	11.8	New Hampshire	9.2
California	12.4	New Jersey	10.9
Colorado	10.3	New Mexico	14.5
Connecticut	6.9	New York	8.7
Delaware	7.8	North Carolina	13.1
District of Columbia	5.3	North Dakota	7.9
Florida	16.6	Ohio	8.4
Georgia	15.8	Oklahoma	15.4
Hawaii	5.3	Oregon	9.7
Idaho	13.6	Pennsylvania	8.5
Illinois	9.7	Rhode Island	7.4
Indiana	11.9	South Carolina	13.6
Iowa	6.2	South Dakota	9.8
Kansas	10.2	Tennessee	12.0
Kentucky	8.5	Texas	19.1
Louisiana	14.8	Utah	12.5
Maine	10.1	Vermont	5.0
Maryland	7.9	Virginia	10.9
Massachusetts	3.3	Washington	9.2
Michigan	8.5	West Virginia	8.6
Minnesota	5.9	Wisconsin	7.3
Mississippi	14.5	Wyoming	12.0

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the American Community Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/tech_docs/accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2016.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014 1-Year American Community Survey.



Uninsured Rate by State: 2015



Uninsured Rate by State: 2015

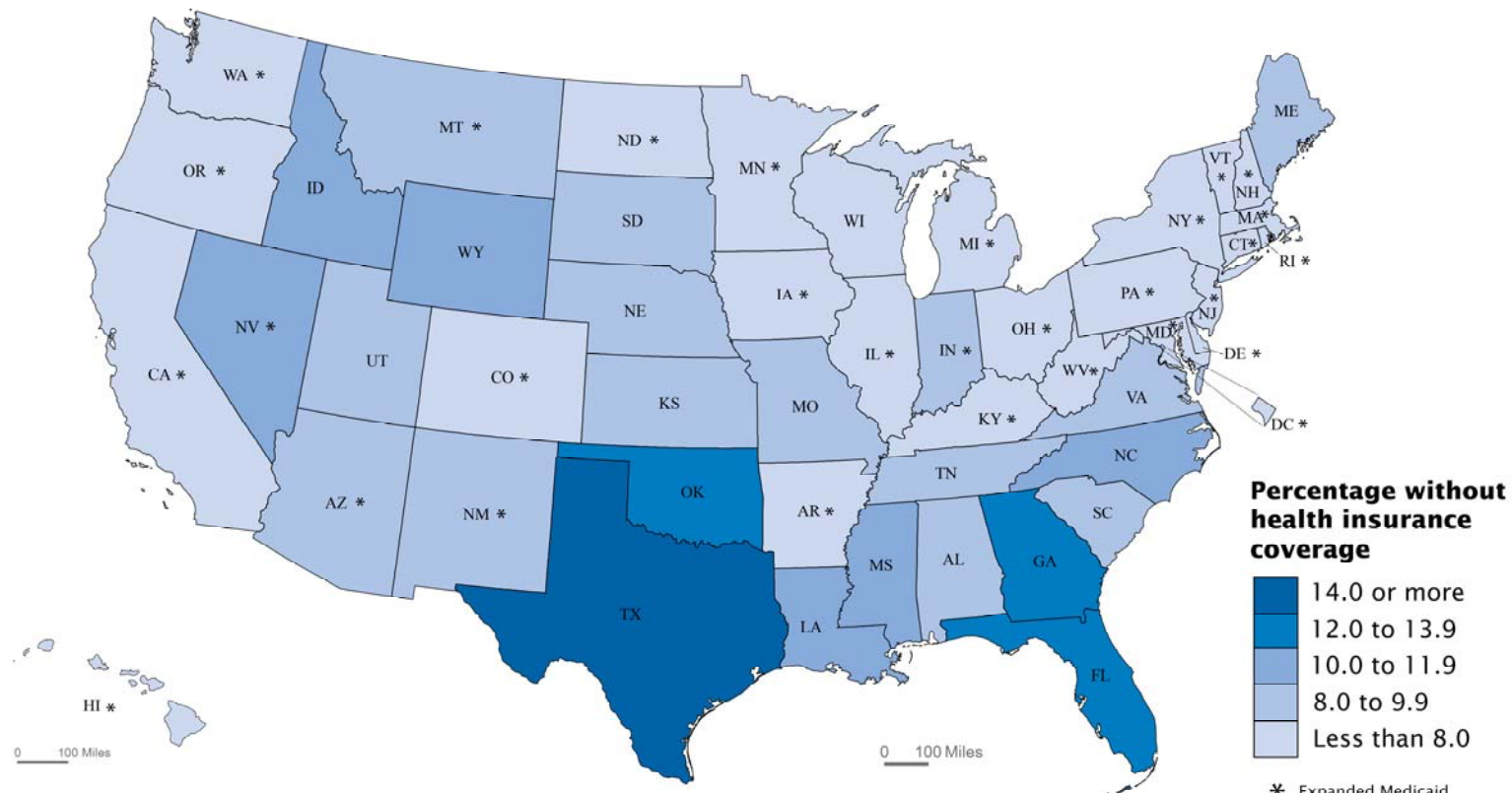
State	Percent Uninsured	State	Percent Uninsured
United States	9.4	Missouri	9.8
Alabama	10.1	Montana	11.6
Alaska	14.9	Nebraska	8.2
Arizona	10.8	Nevada	12.3
Arkansas	9.5	New Hampshire	6.3
California	8.6	New Jersey	8.7
Colorado	8.1	New Mexico	10.9
Connecticut	6.0	New York	7.1
Delaware	5.9	North Carolina	11.2
District of Columbia	3.8	North Dakota	7.8
Florida	13.3	Ohio	6.5
Georgia	13.9	Oklahoma	13.9
Hawaii	4.0	Oregon	7.0
Idaho	11.0	Pennsylvania	6.4
Illinois	7.1	Rhode Island	5.7
Indiana	9.6	South Carolina	10.9
Iowa	5.0	South Dakota	10.2
Kansas	9.1	Tennessee	10.3
Kentucky	6.0	Texas	17.1
Louisiana	11.9	Utah	10.5
Maine	8.4	Vermont	3.8
Maryland	6.6	Virginia	9.1
Massachusetts	2.8	Washington	6.6
Michigan	6.1	West Virginia	6.0
Minnesota	4.5	Wisconsin	5.7
Mississippi	12.7	Wyoming	11.5

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the American Community Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/tech_docs/accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2016.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 1-Year American Community Survey.



Uninsured Rate by State: 2016



Uninsured Rate by State: 2016

State	Percent Uninsured	State	Percent Uninsured
United States	8.6	Missouri	8.9
Alabama	9.1	Montana	8.1
Alaska	14.0	Nebraska	8.6
Arizona	10.0	Nevada	11.4
Arkansas	7.9	New Hampshire	5.9
California	7.3	New Jersey	8.0
Colorado	7.5	New Mexico	9.2
Connecticut	4.9	New York	6.1
Delaware	5.7	North Carolina	10.4
District of Columbia	3.9	North Dakota	7.0
Florida	12.5	Ohio	5.6
Georgia	12.9	Oklahoma	13.8
Hawaii	3.5	Oregon	6.2
Idaho	10.1	Pennsylvania	5.6
Illinois	6.5	Rhode Island	4.3
Indiana	8.1	South Carolina	10.0
Iowa	4.3	South Dakota	8.7
Kansas	8.7	Tennessee	9.0
Kentucky	5.1	Texas	16.6
Louisiana	10.3	Utah	8.8
Maine	8.0	Vermont	3.7
Maryland	6.1	Virginia	8.7
Massachusetts	2.5	Washington	6.0
Michigan	5.4	West Virginia	5.3
Minnesota	4.1	Wisconsin	5.3
Mississippi	11.8	Wyoming	11.5

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the American Community Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/tech_docs/accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2016.pdf>.

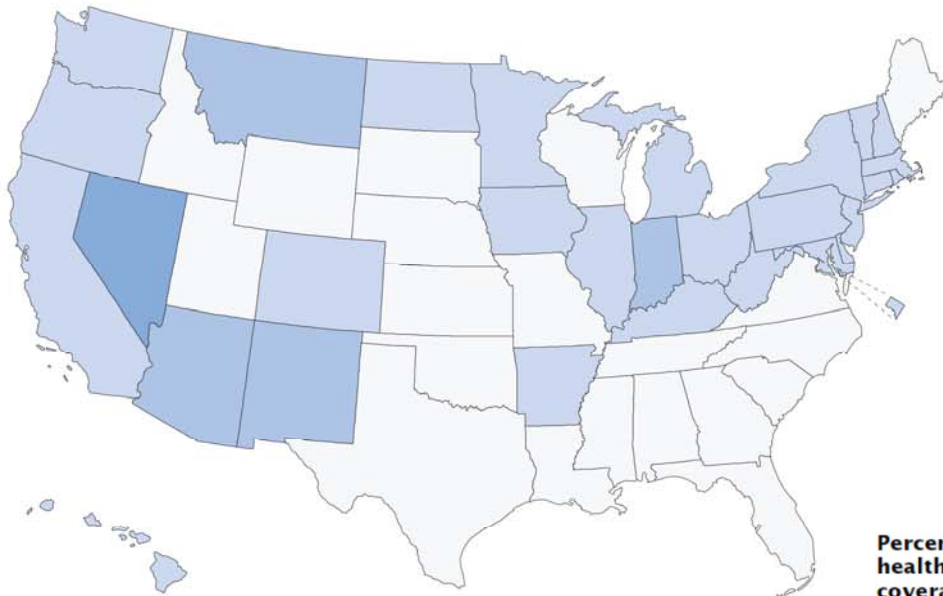
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 1-Year American Community Survey.

Uninsured Rate by State and Medicaid Expansion Status: 2016



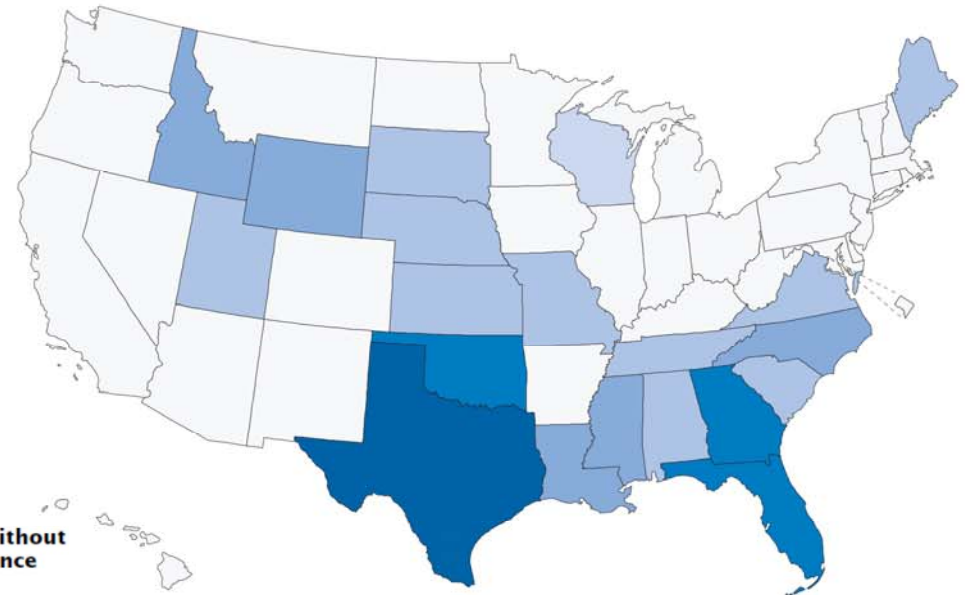
Expansion States*

2016 uninsured rate: 6.5%

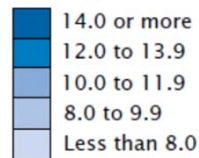


Non-Expansion States*

2016 uninsured rate: 11.7%



Percentage without health insurance coverage



Uninsured Rate by State and Medicaid Expansion Status: 2016

State	Medicaid Expansion State? ¹	State	Medicaid Expansion State? ¹
Alabama	No	Montana	³ Yes
Alaska	³ Yes	Nebraska	No
Arizona	Yes	Nevada	Yes
Arkansas	Yes	New Hampshire	² Yes
California	Yes	New Jersey	Yes
Colorado	Yes	New Mexico	Yes
Connecticut	Yes	New York	Yes
Delaware	Yes	North Carolina	No
District of Columbia	Yes	North Dakota	Yes
Florida	No	Ohio	Yes
Georgia	No	Oklahoma	No
Hawaii	Yes	Oregon	Yes
Idaho	No	Pennsylvania	² Yes
Illinois	Yes	Rhode Island	Yes
Indiana	³ Yes	South Carolina	No
Iowa	Yes	South Dakota	No
Kansas	No	Tennessee	No
Kentucky	Yes	Texas	No
Louisiana	No	Utah	No
Maine	No	Vermont	Yes
Maryland	Yes	Virginia	No
Massachusetts	Yes	Washington	Yes
Michigan	² Yes	West Virginia	Yes
Minnesota	Yes	Wisconsin	No
Mississippi	No	Wyoming	No
Missouri	No		

¹Medicaid expansion status as of January 1, 2016. For more information, see <www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/by-state/by-state.html>.

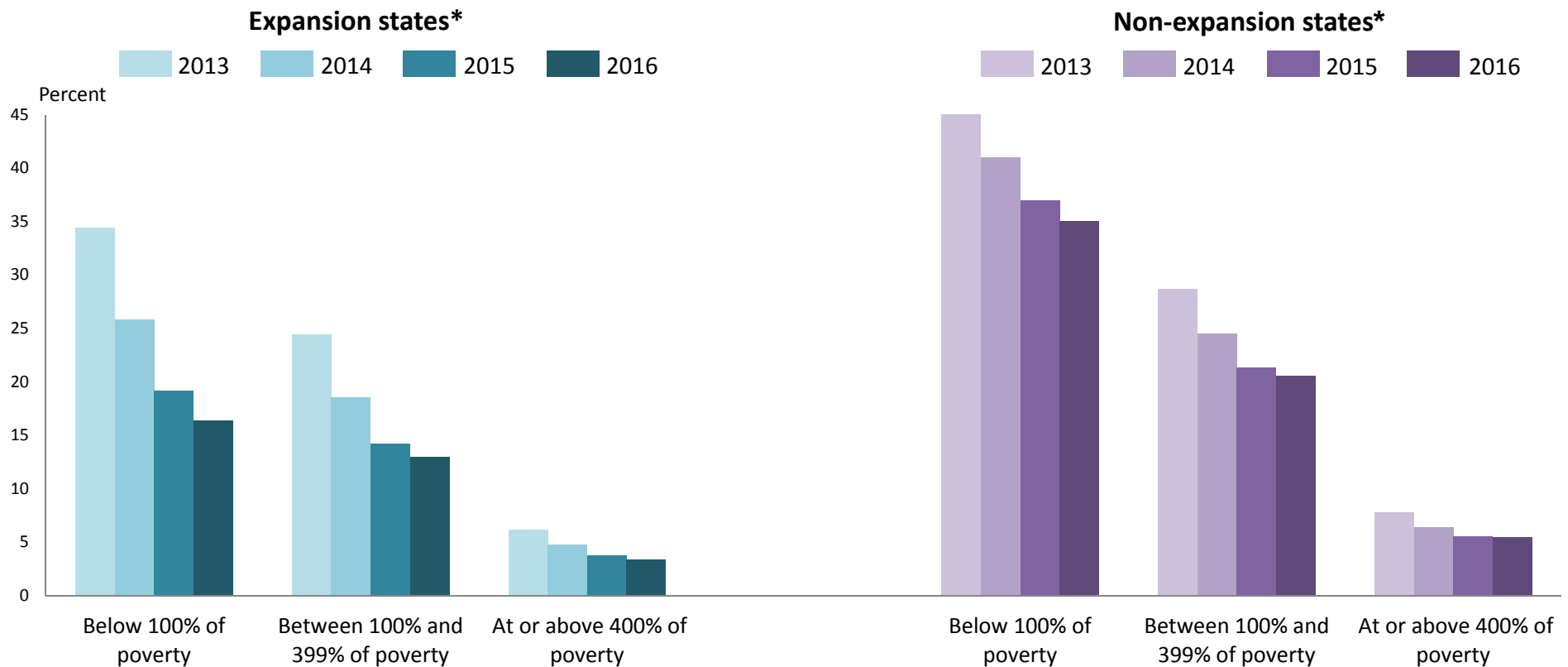
²Expanded Medicaid eligibility after January 1, 2014, and on or before January 1, 2015.

³Expanded Medicaid eligibility after January 1, 2015, and on or before January 1, 2016.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the American Community Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/tech_docs/accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2016.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 1-Year American Community Survey.

Uninsured Rate by Poverty Status and Medicaid Expansion of State for Adults Aged 19 to 64 Years: 2013 to 2016



Uninsured Rate by Poverty Status and Medicaid Expansion of State for Adults Aged 19 to 64 Years: 2013 to 2016

Income-to-Poverty Ratio	Expansion states ¹						Non-expansion states ¹					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2015)	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2013)	2013	2014	2015	2016	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2015)	Percentage point change (2016 minus 2013)
Below 100 percent of poverty	34.4	25.9	19.2	16.4	*2.8	*18.0	45.9	41.0	37.0	35.0	*2.0	*10.9
Between 100 and 300 percent of poverty	24.4	18.6	14.2	13.0	*1.3	*11.5	28.7	24.5	21.4	20.6	*0.8	*8.1
At or above 400 percent of poverty	6.2	4.7	3.8	3.4	*0.4	*2.8	7.8	6.4	5.5	5.4	0.1	*2.4

*Changes between the estimates are statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

¹Medicaid expansion status as of January 1, 2016.

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions in the American Community Survey, see <www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/tech_docs/accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2016.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 to 2016 1-Year American Community Surveys.

Highlights

- Median household income for the nation was \$59,000 in 2016, an increase in real terms of 3.2 percent from the 2015 median of \$57,200.
- The official poverty rate in 2016 was 12.7 percent, down 0.8 percentage points from 2015. In 2016, there were 40.6 million people in poverty, 2.5 million fewer than in 2015.
- The Supplemental Poverty Measure (SPM) rate in 2016 was 14.0 percent, 0.5 percentage points lower than the SPM estimate for 2015.
- The percentage of people without health insurance coverage for the entire calendar year was 8.8 percent, or 28.1 million people. This was a decrease of 0.3 percentage points from 2015.

Erratum Note: The U.S. Census Bureau identified an error in the input of Supplemental Poverty Measure thresholds for renters used in the 2016 Supplemental Poverty Measure data products. The base threshold should have been \$26,104 and was erroneously entered as \$26,014. This error affected the Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty status for 109 unweighted observations. As a result, the overall Supplemental Poverty Measure poverty rate was understated by 0.06 percentage points—13.91 in published tables compared to 13.97 percent. Corrected tables, research files, and a revised report will be available on our website.

Income rounded to nearest \$100.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2016 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

